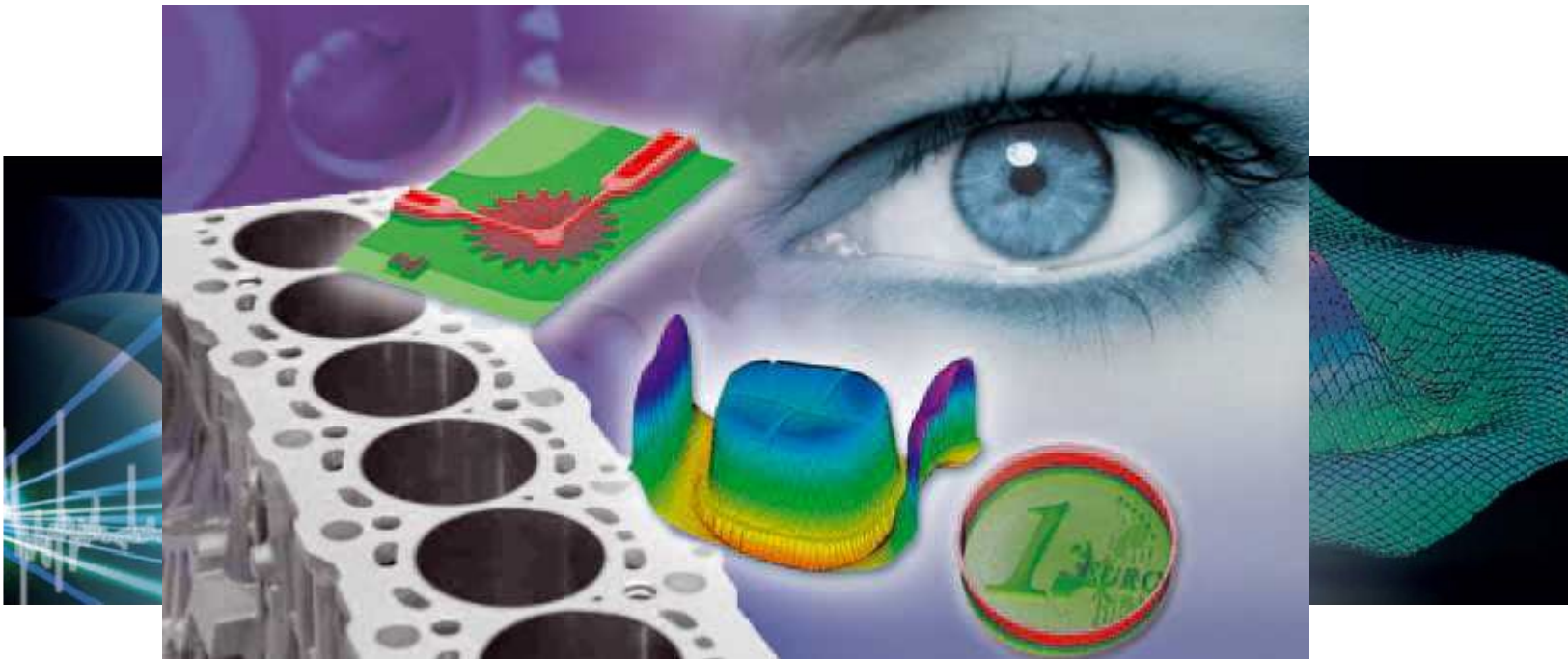


Non-contact Topography Measurements of Large Areas with High Accuracy

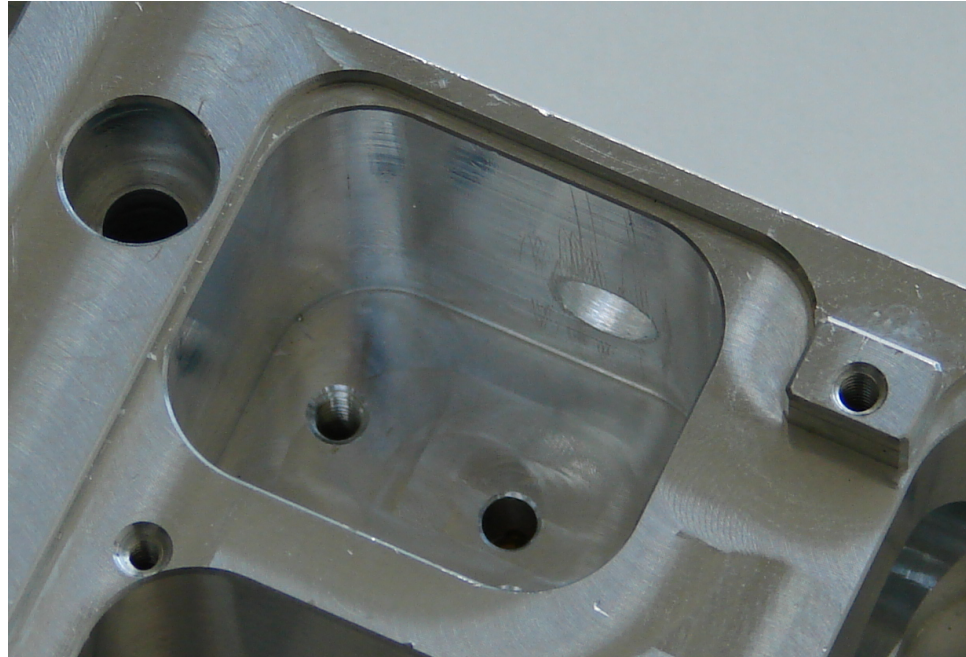


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Contents

- Exemplary task: A milled workpiece
- Why using White Light Interferometry?
- A bit of necessary theory
- Applications and options

Example: Milled Part



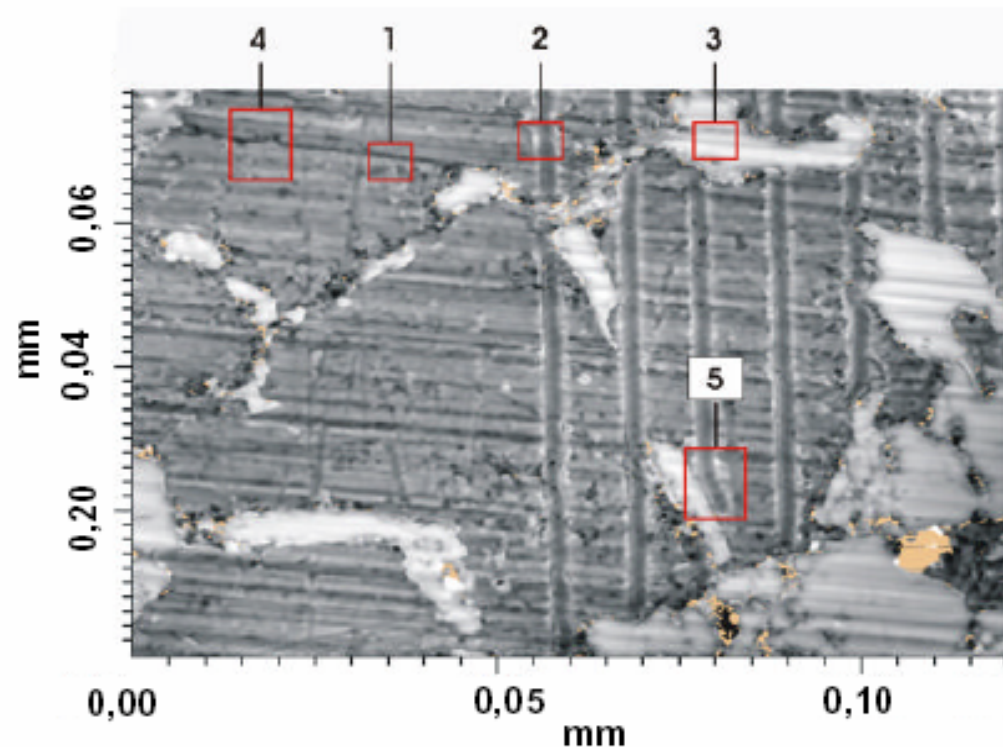
Dimensions of the sample: cm

Parameters to determine: Flatness, Step Height, Roughness, Diameters, Distances,...

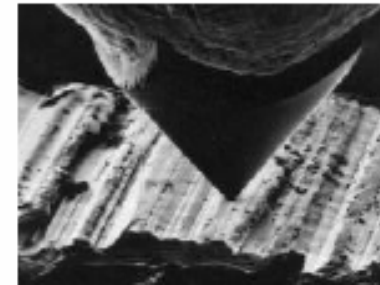
Tolerances: μm

Resolution of the Measurement System: $\ll \mu\text{m}$

Tactile Measurement



1. Machining groove
2. Stylus groove
3. Si Crystal (hard)
4. Al surface (soft)
5. Deviation of the stylus



Optical Measurement is: 2D, contactless and fast

Optical Measurement Principles

Triangulation:

Angle

- Confocal Microscopy
- Focus Methods
- Fringe Projection

Axial Resolution decreases with growing Field of View

Distance Measurement:

Time

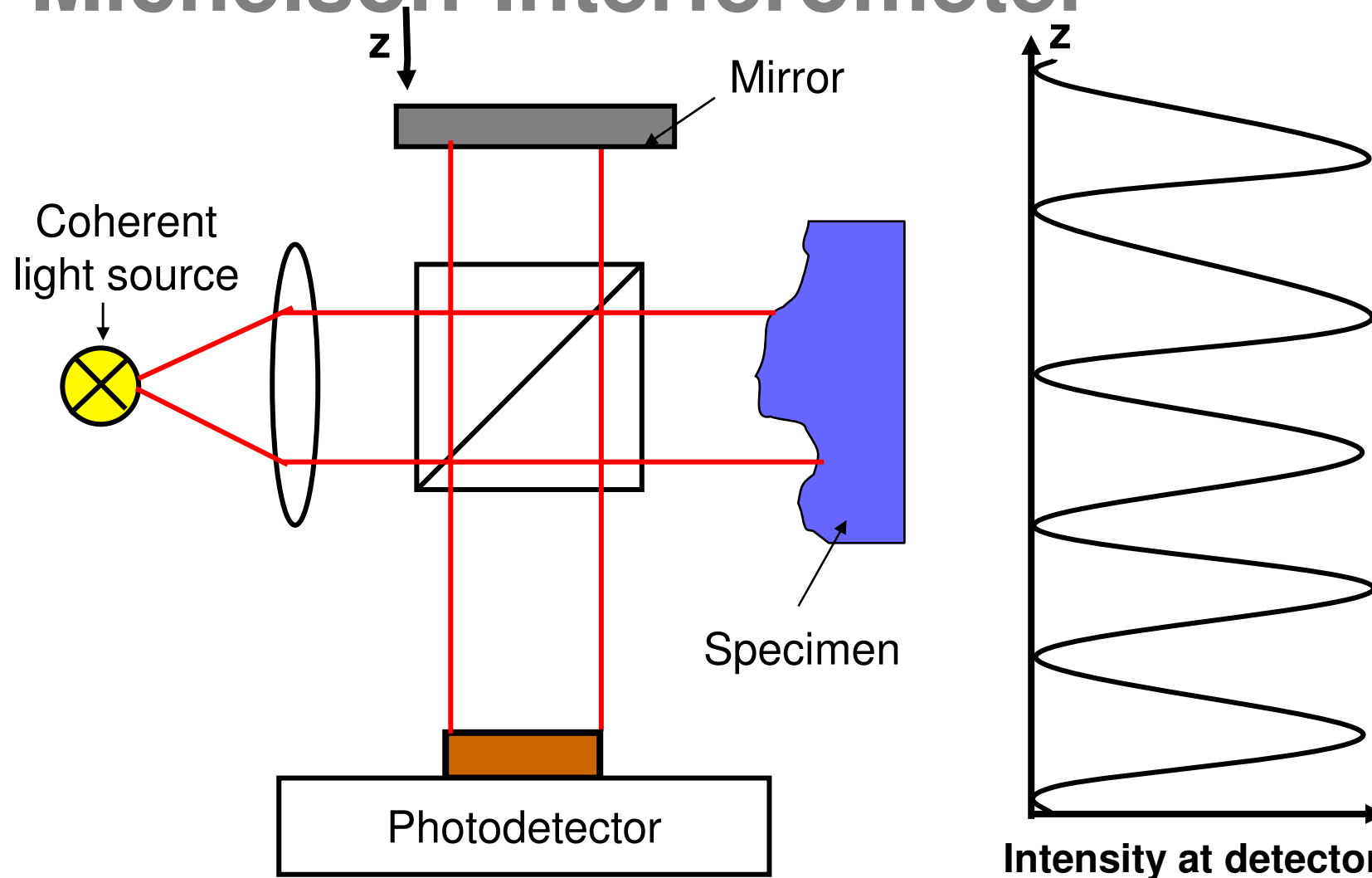
- White Light Interferometry
- Run-Time-Methods
- Interferometry

Axial Resolution is not field-dependent

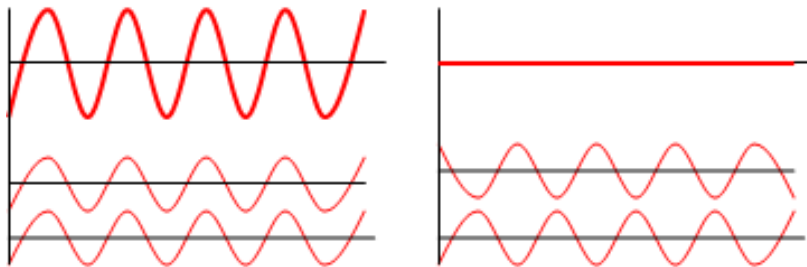
Advantages of White Light Interferometry

- “Run Time” -> z-Resolution not field dependent
- High axial Resolution in the nm-range
- Non-ambiguous Measurement
- On nearly any surface (rough, smooth, dark, shiny,..)
- Contactless
- Nearly no shadowing effects
- Step Heights up to 70 mm

Michelson-Interferometer



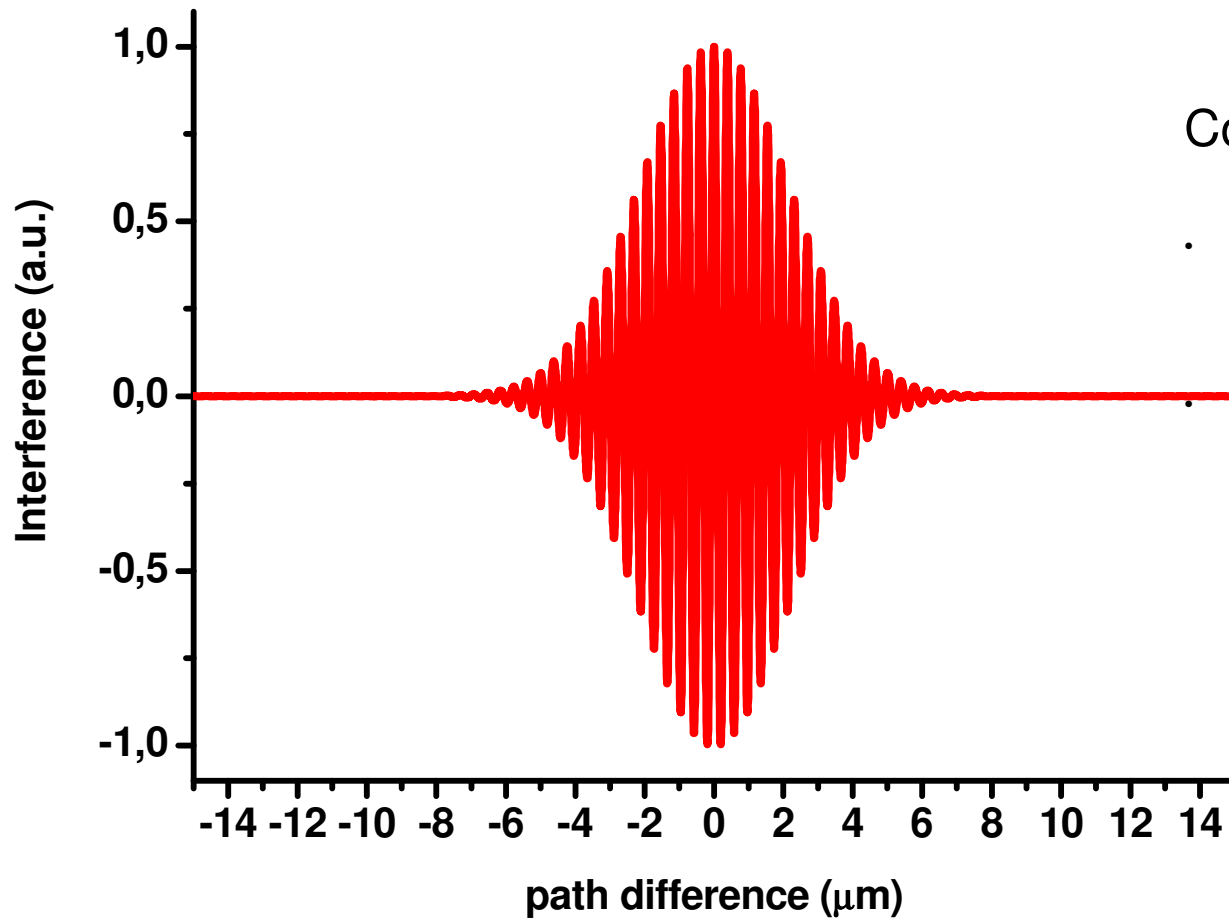
Constructive/Destructive Interference



In-phase monochromatic light shows
constructive

out of phase monochromatic light shows
destructive interference

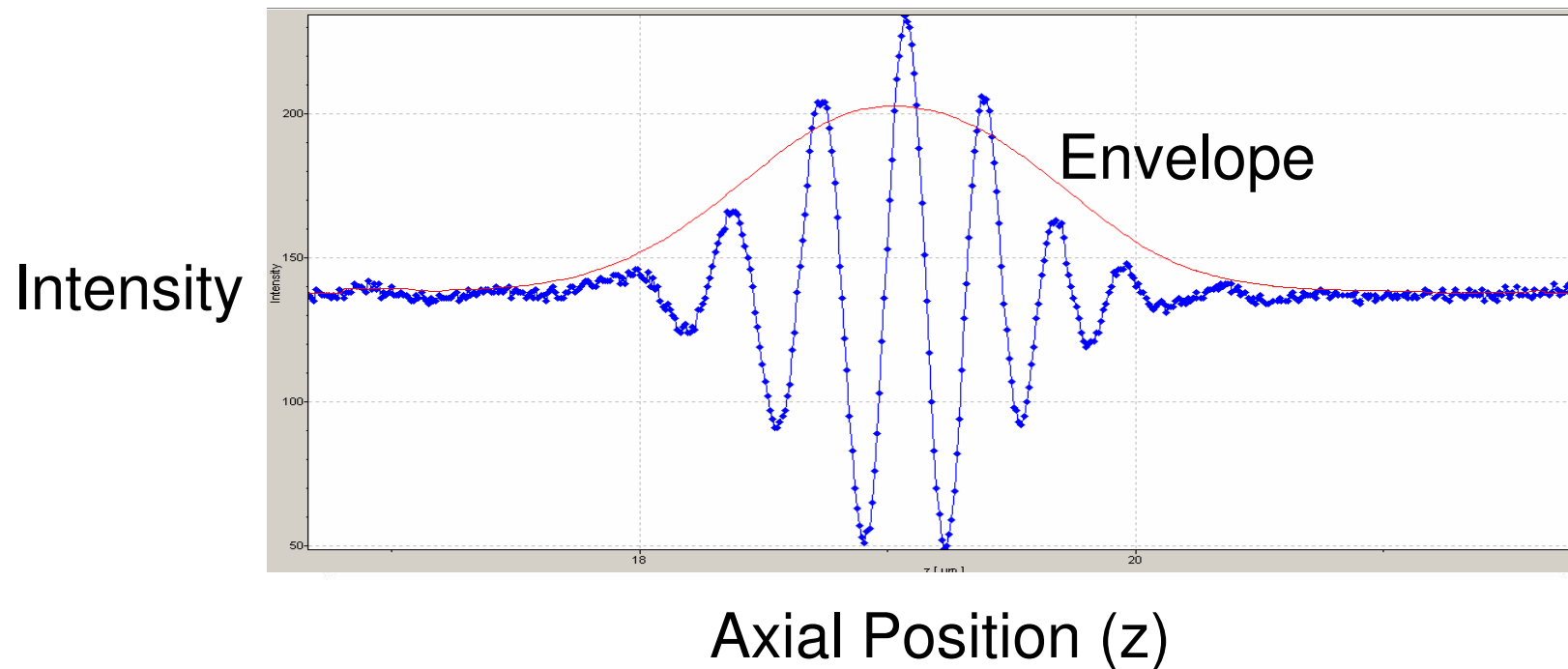
Interference of White Light



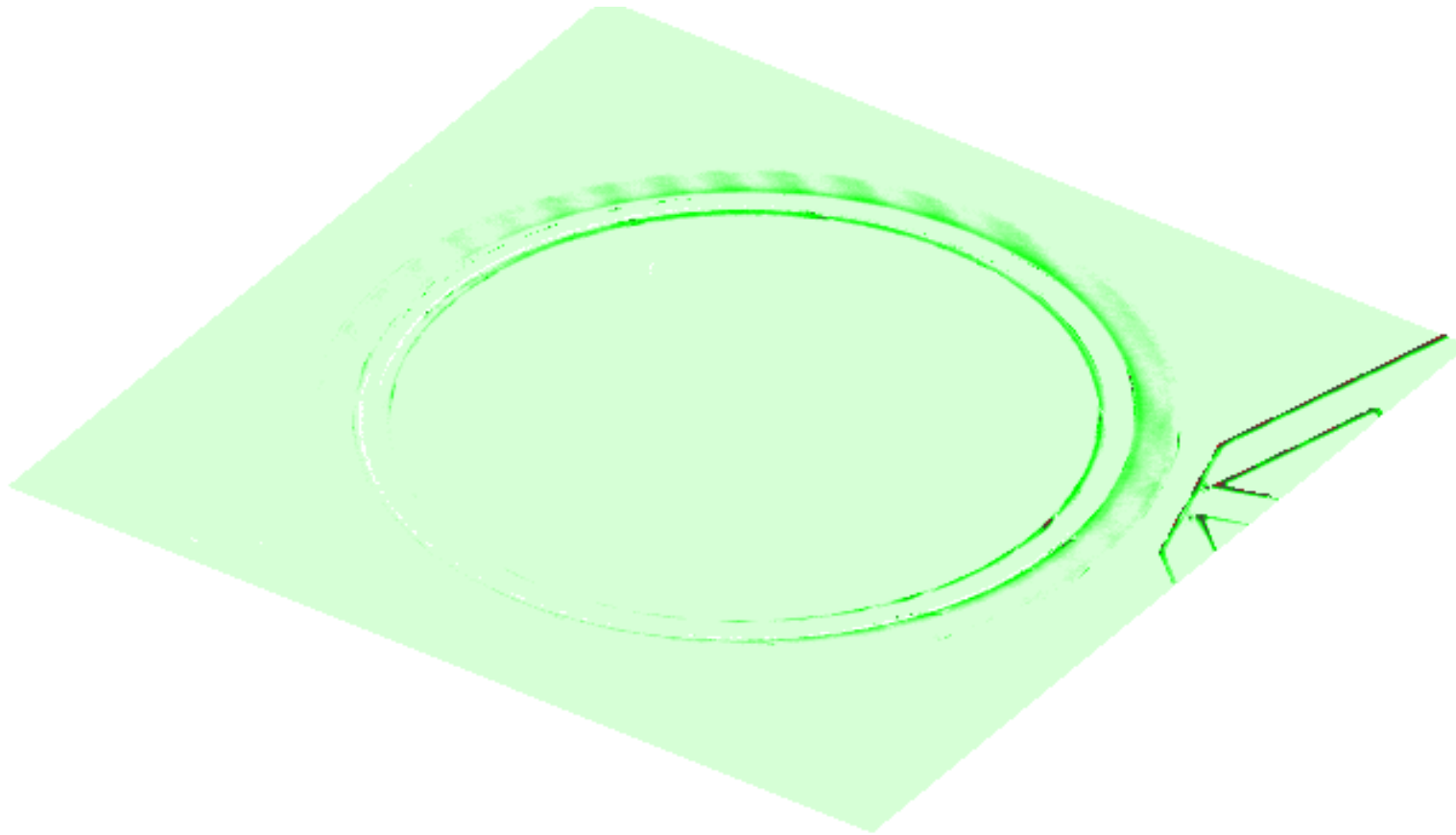
Corellogram:

- Interference only at a singular area
- This area
~ Coherence length L_C ,
where light can interfere

Measurement-Signal: “Correlogram”

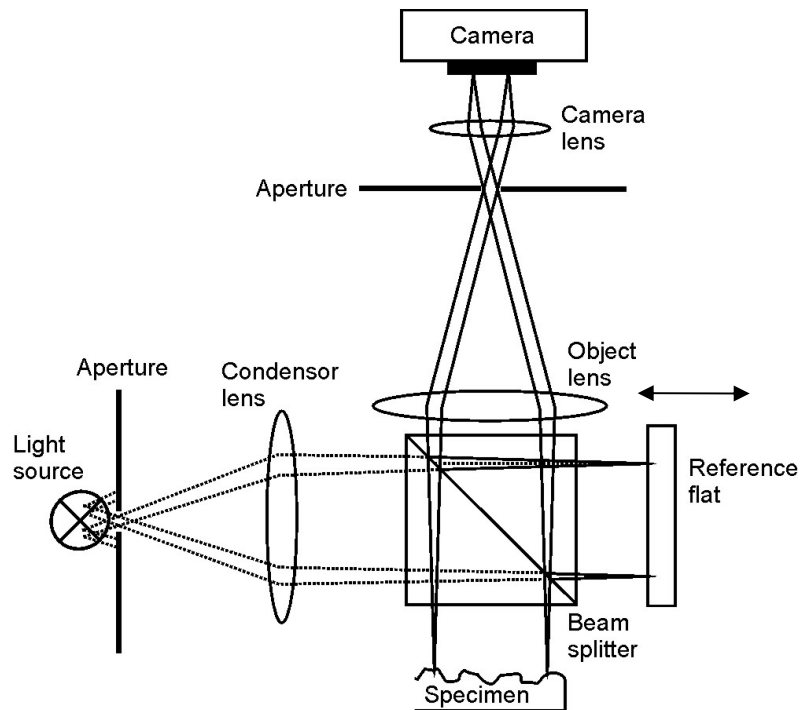


Scanning White Light Interferometry:



Micro-Gear

Large Area Setup: Twyman-Green Interferometer



Telecentric: parallel light-beam

- no shadowing at edges
 - additional Filter (or Compensation-pieces) in the reference arm possible
 - large working distance up to 70 mm
-

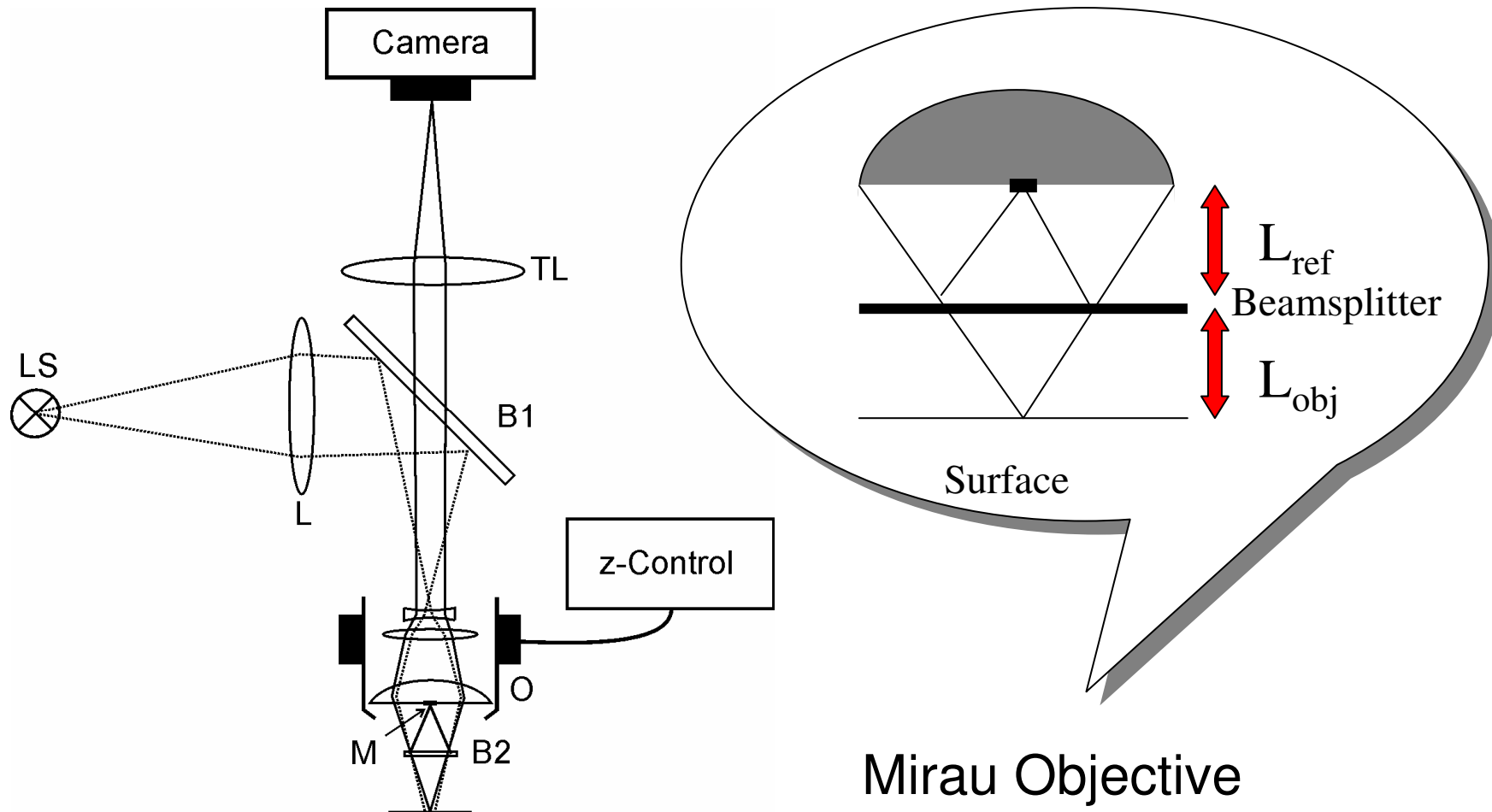
Horizontal resolution:

- Typical values:

10 μm (Field of view: 10x13mm³)

40 μm (Field of view: 30x40mm³)

Microscopic Setup for Fields < 4 mm and highest resolution

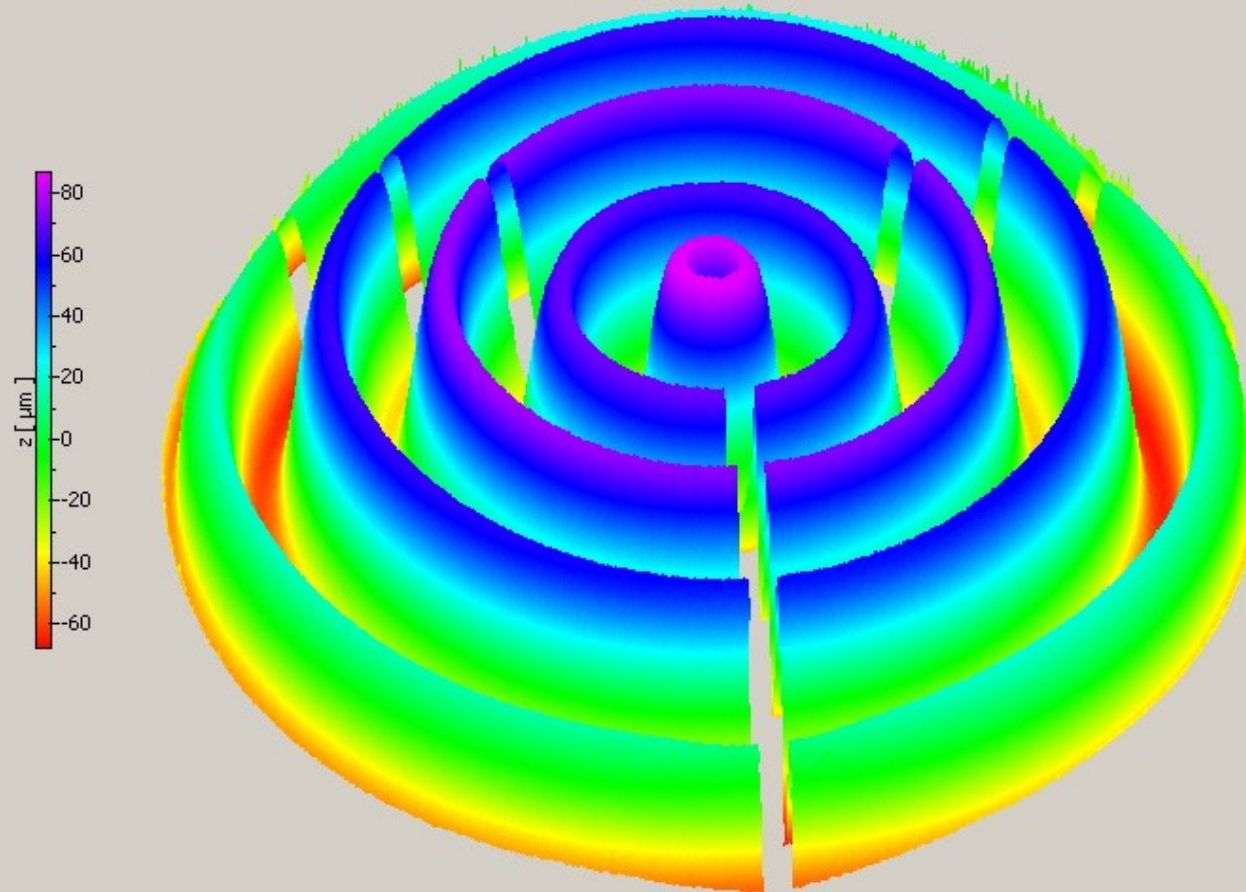


Applications

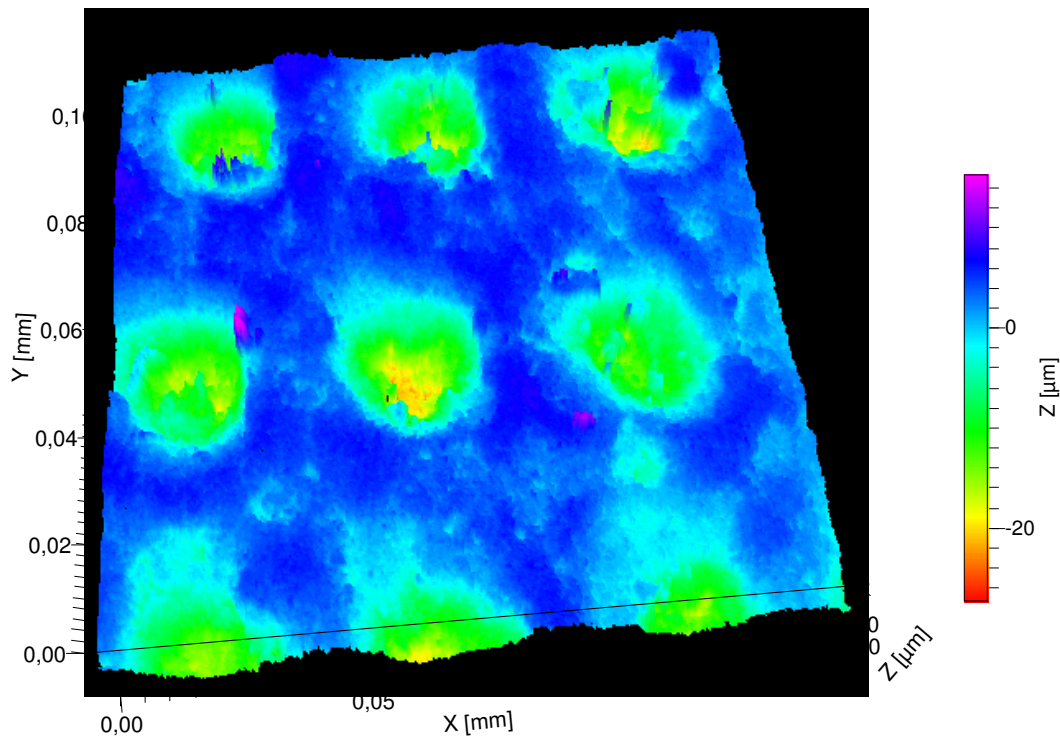
Membrane under exposure of pressure



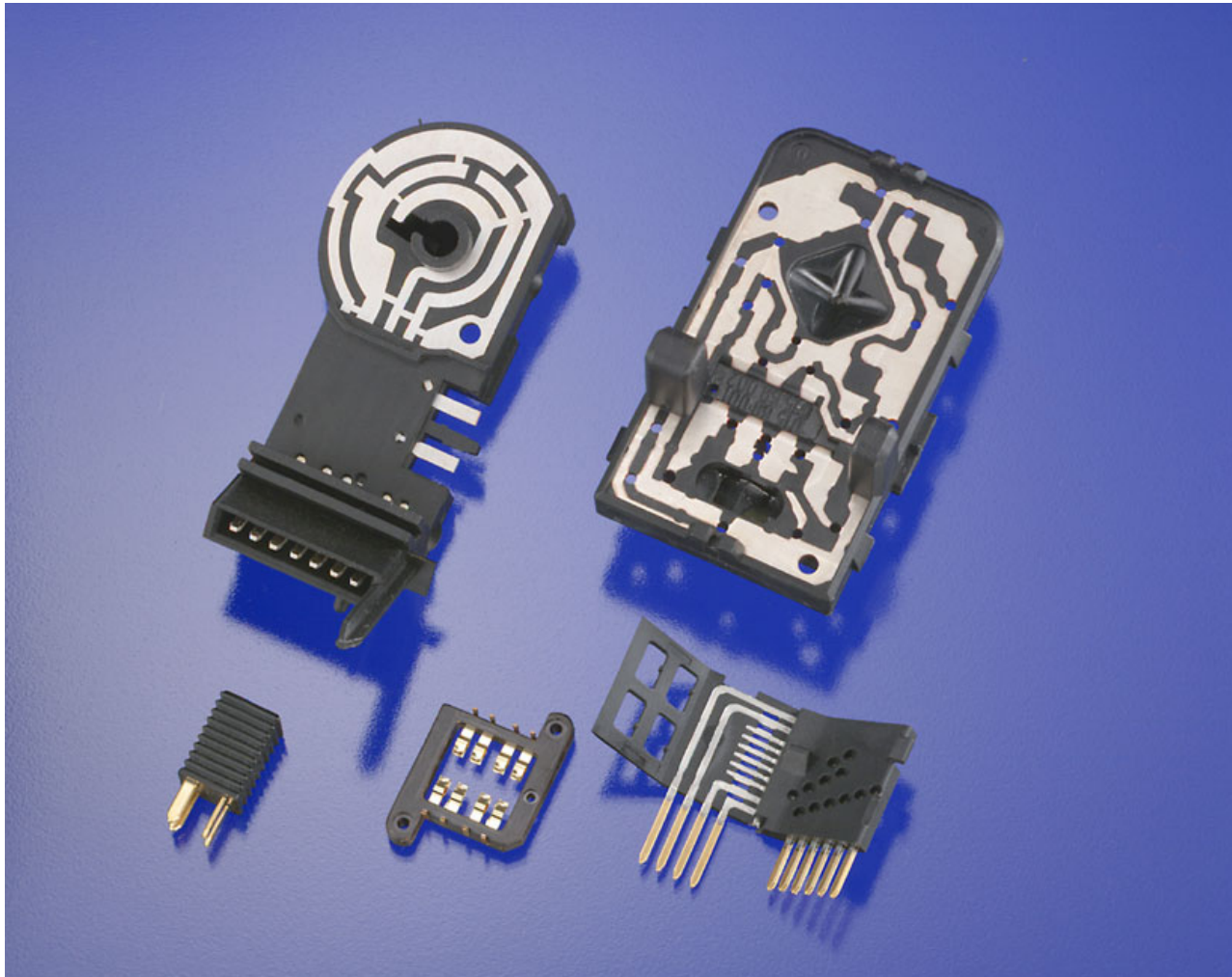
Pressure dependent strain



Cups in a press cylinder



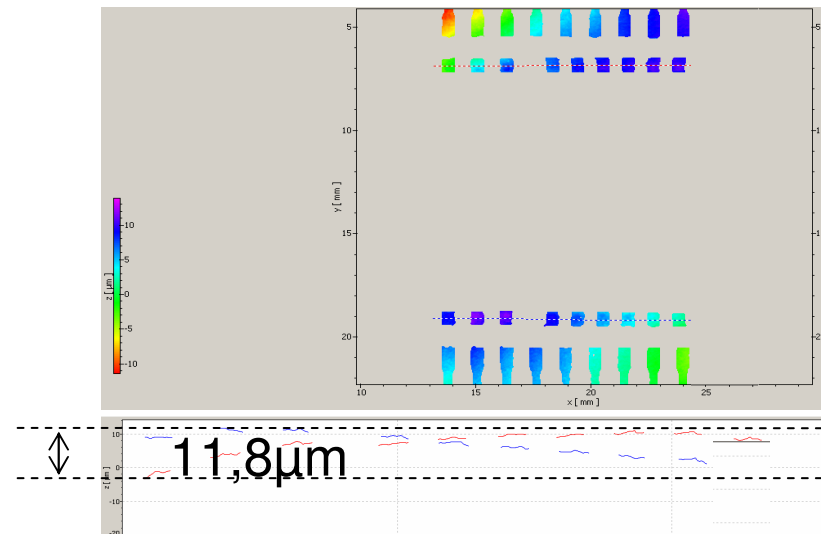
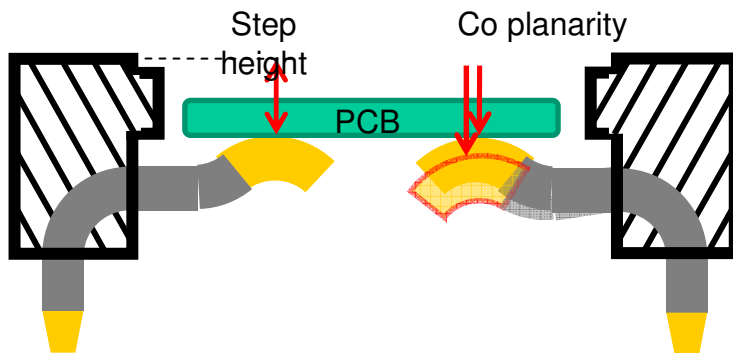
Circuit Boards and Connectors



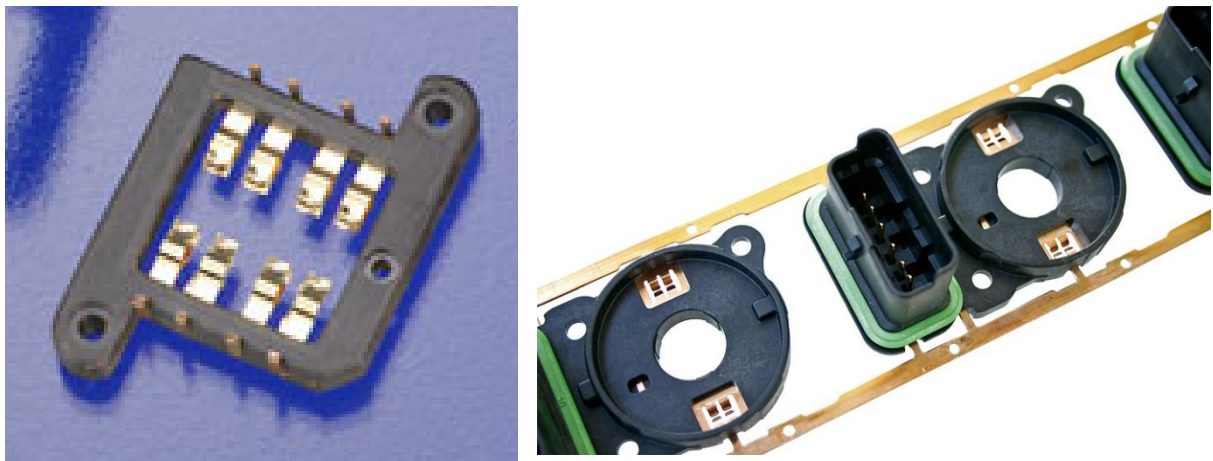
Electromechanical Hybrids



Co planarity and tolerances in an area of over 10 cm² with sub Micron accuracy

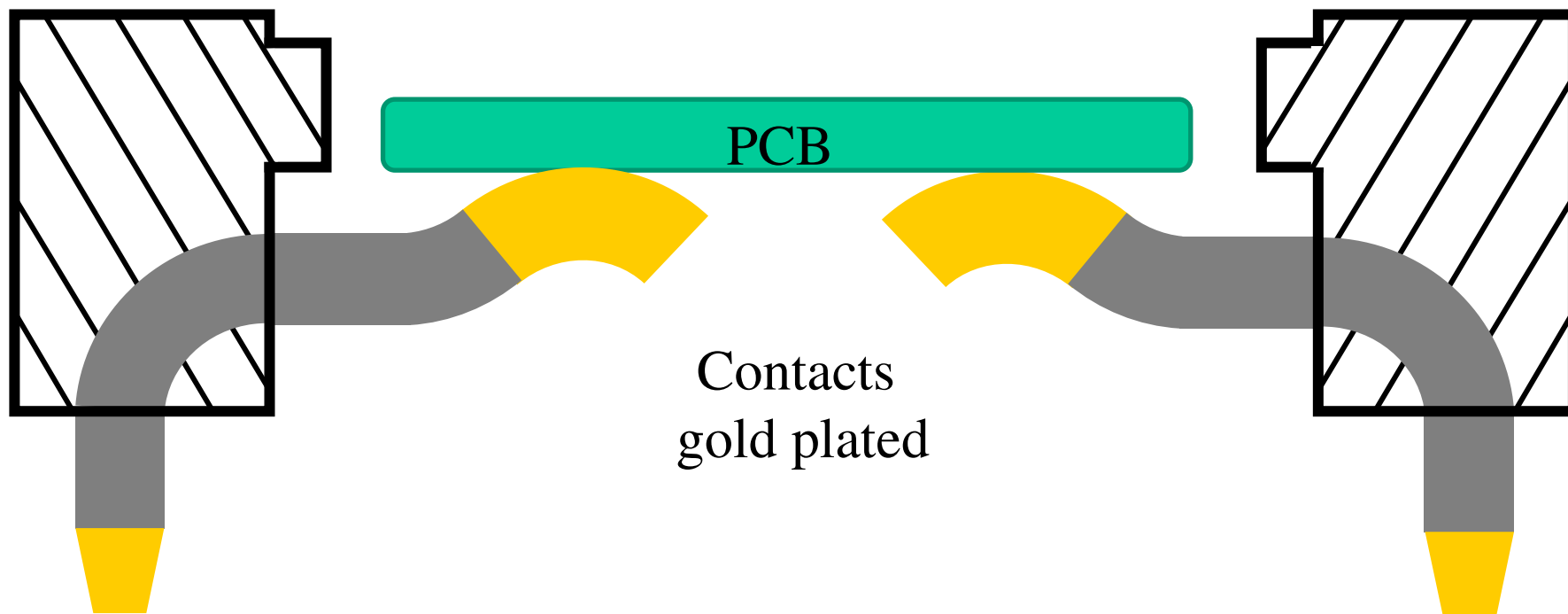


Hybridparts

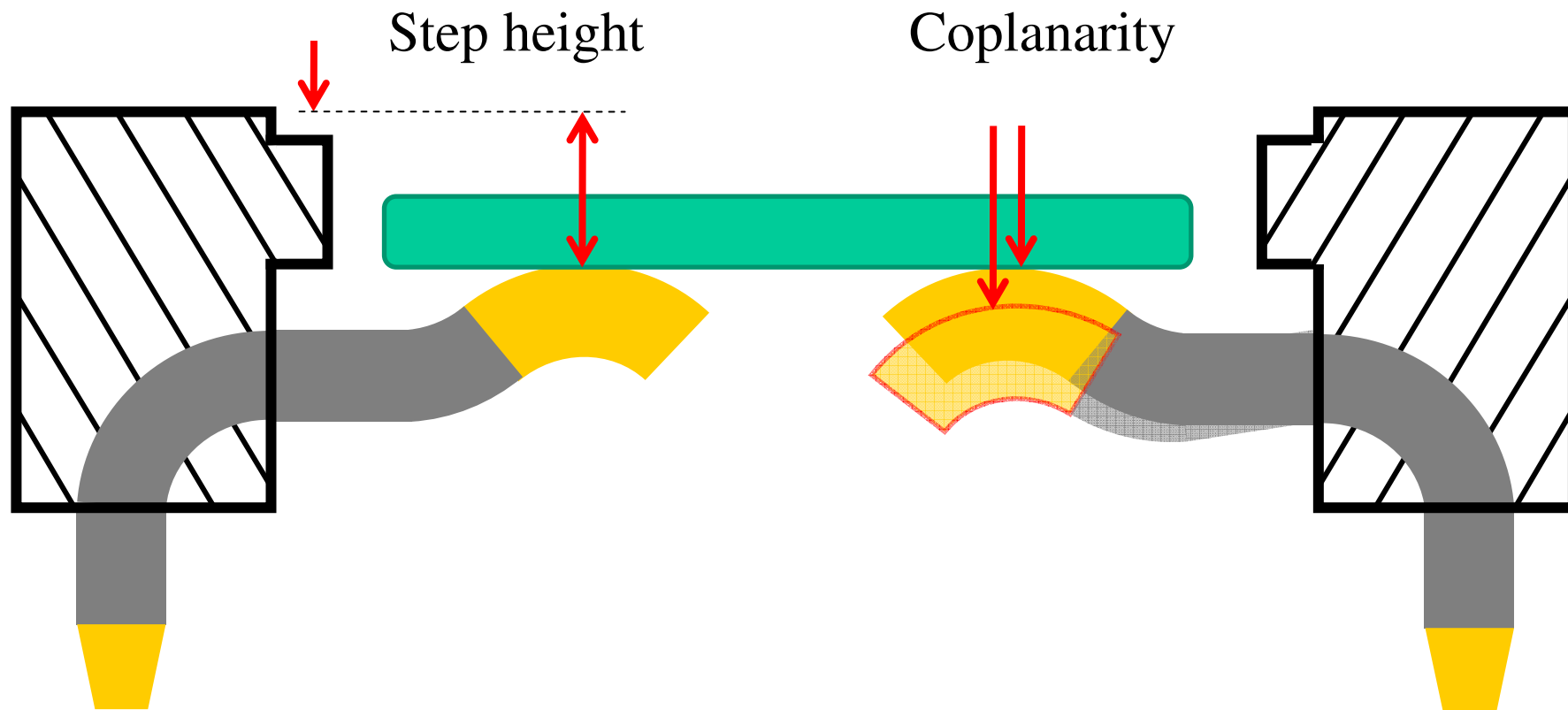
Objekt	
	Elektronikmontage in Hybridteile
Ziel	Kontrolle von Form, wie z.B. Komplanarität der Kontaktflächen und Oberflächeneigenschaften wie Kratzer und Rauigkeit
Vorteil	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Berührungsfreie Messung • Schneller, da aus einer Messung Konturen, Formen und Oberflächendaten gezogen werden können • Leichte Protokollierung der Messungen und Ergebnisse

Hybrid parts

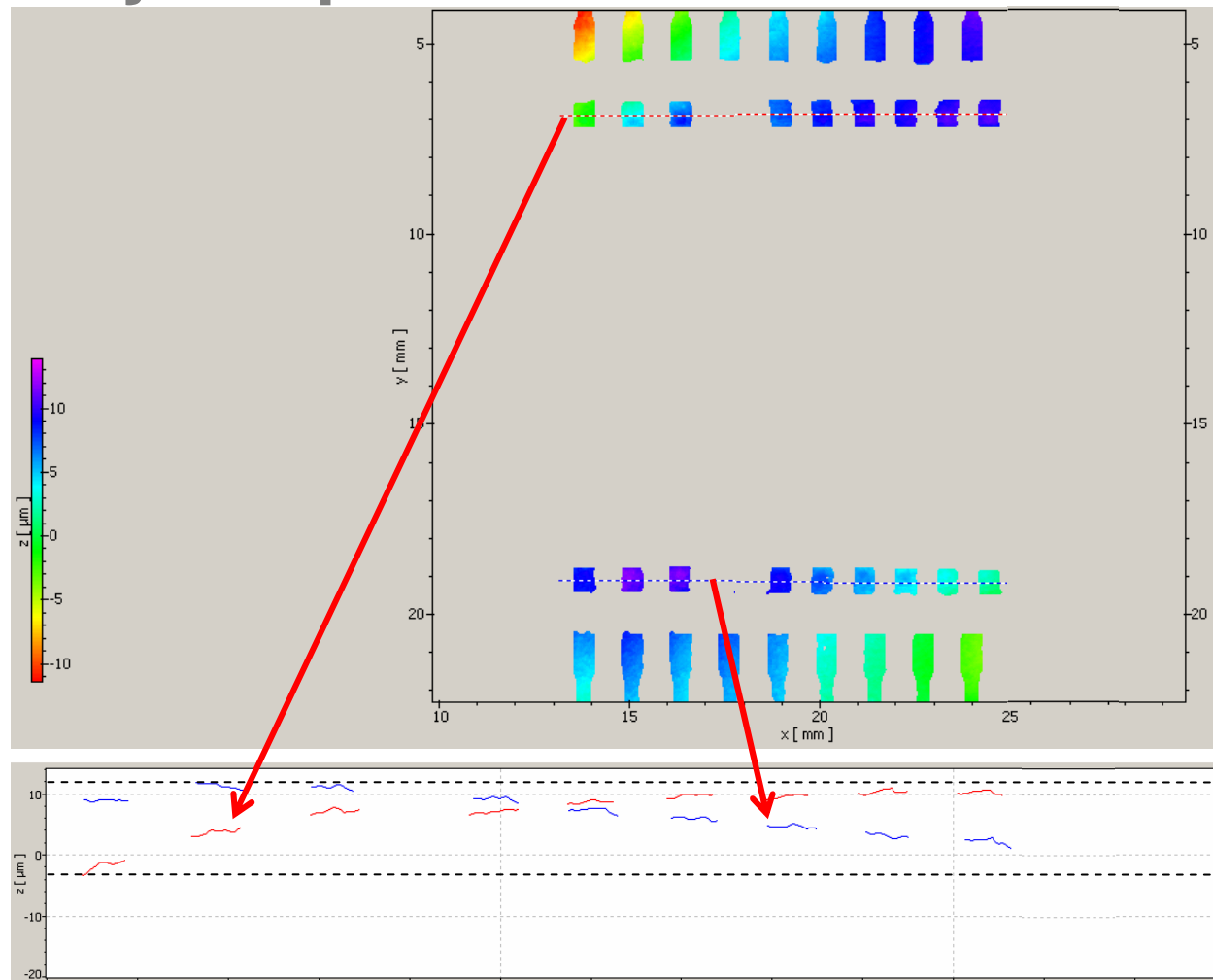
Plastic Frame



Hybrid parts: Measurement task

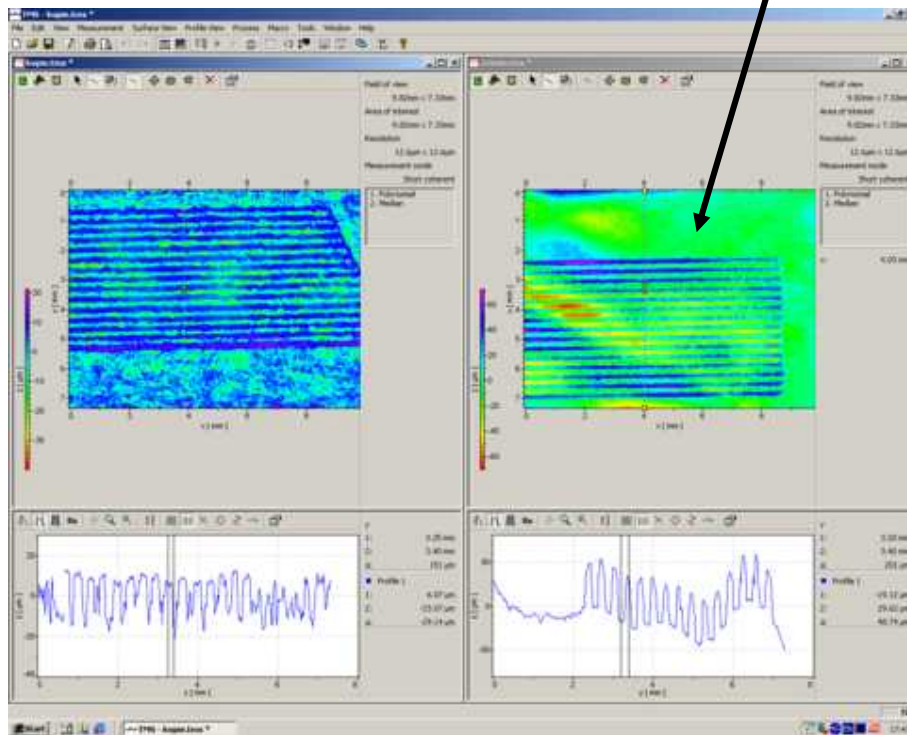


Hybrid parts: Evaluation



Coplanarity of
the contact
surfaces

Banknotes: Counterfeit or not?



Counterfeit

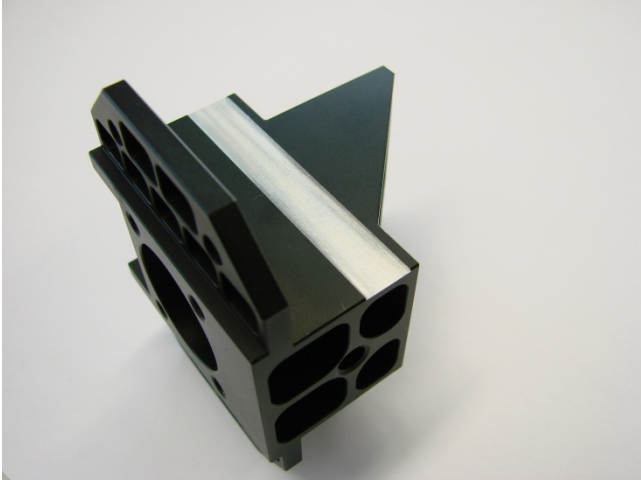
Genuine

Polytec's Solution to achieve reproducible results:

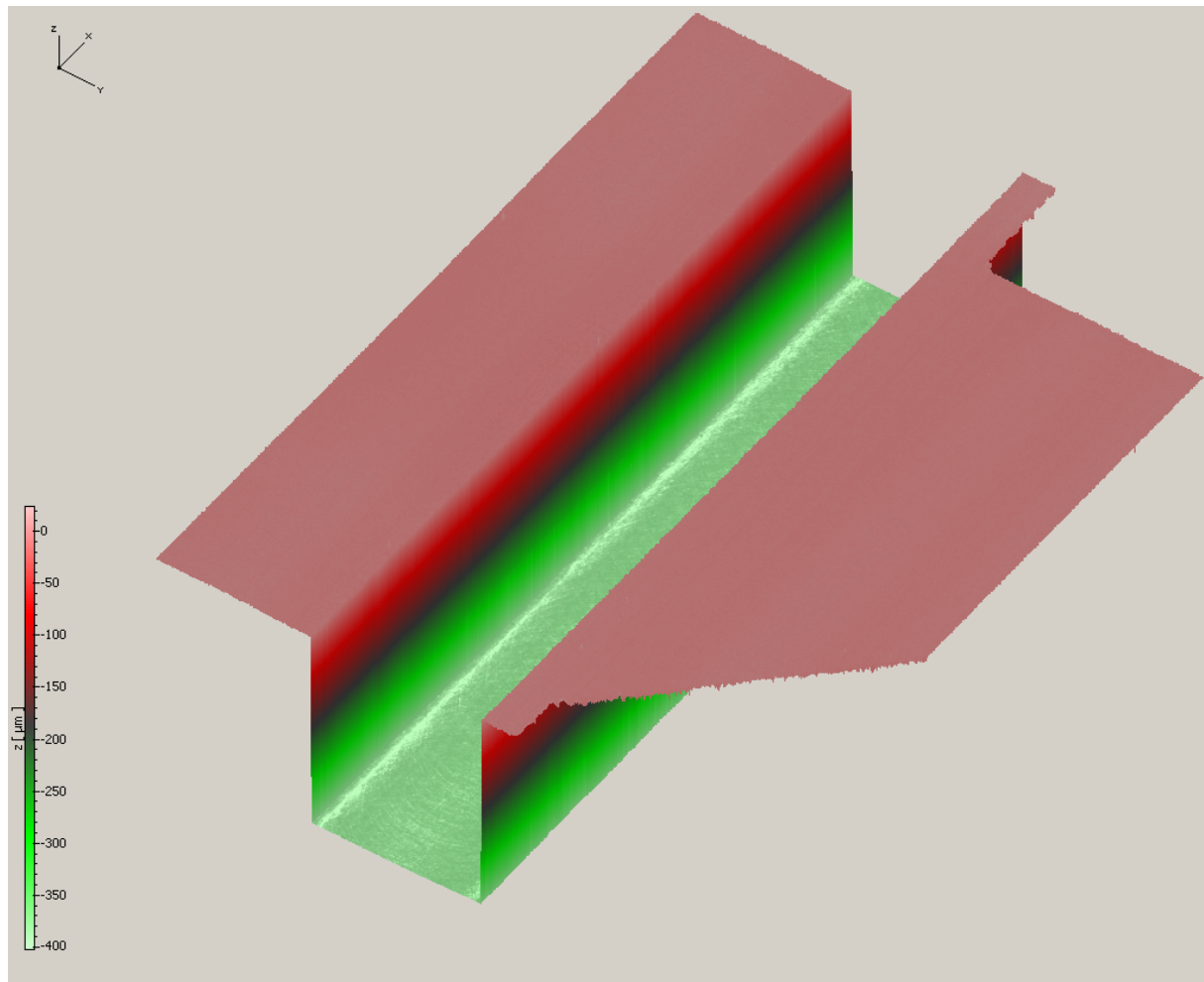
Automated Measurement and Evaluation using Macros in Visual Basic®

High and low reflective surfaces

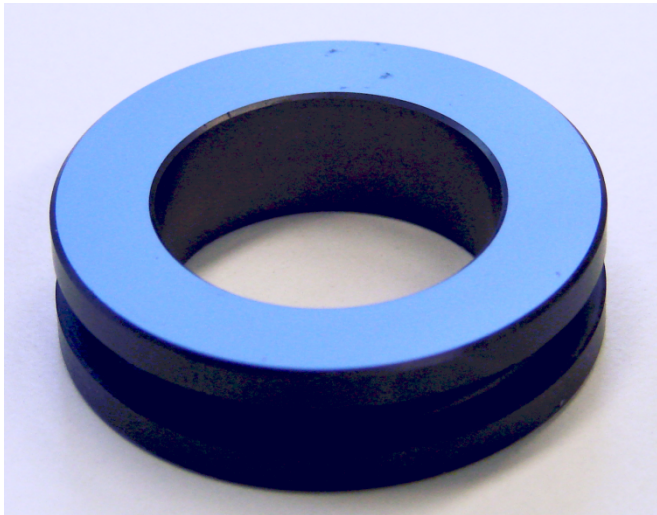
Example: Anodized Surface

Object	
Task	A black anodized items should be checked at a milled groove with bare metal
Benefit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Non contact measurements of sensitive surfaces and coping with high contrasts ■ Measure flatness and step heights at the same time

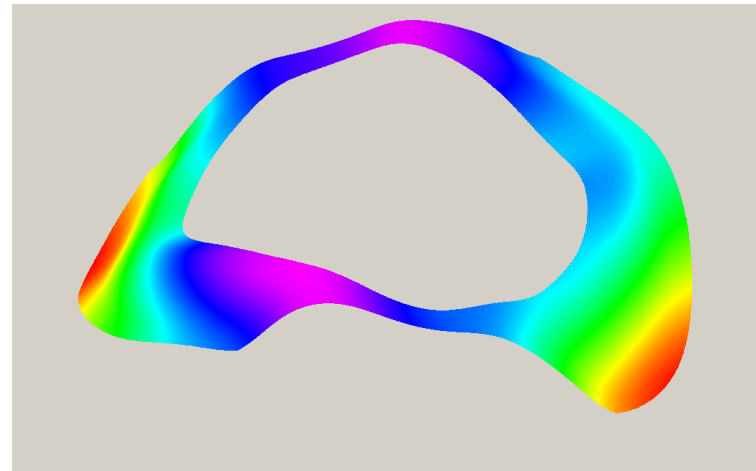
Solution: Combined Measurement using Multiple Exposure Times



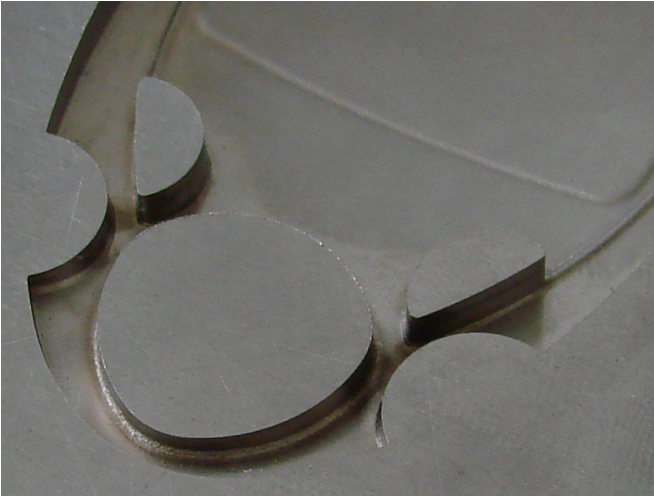
Precision Mechanics: Flatness



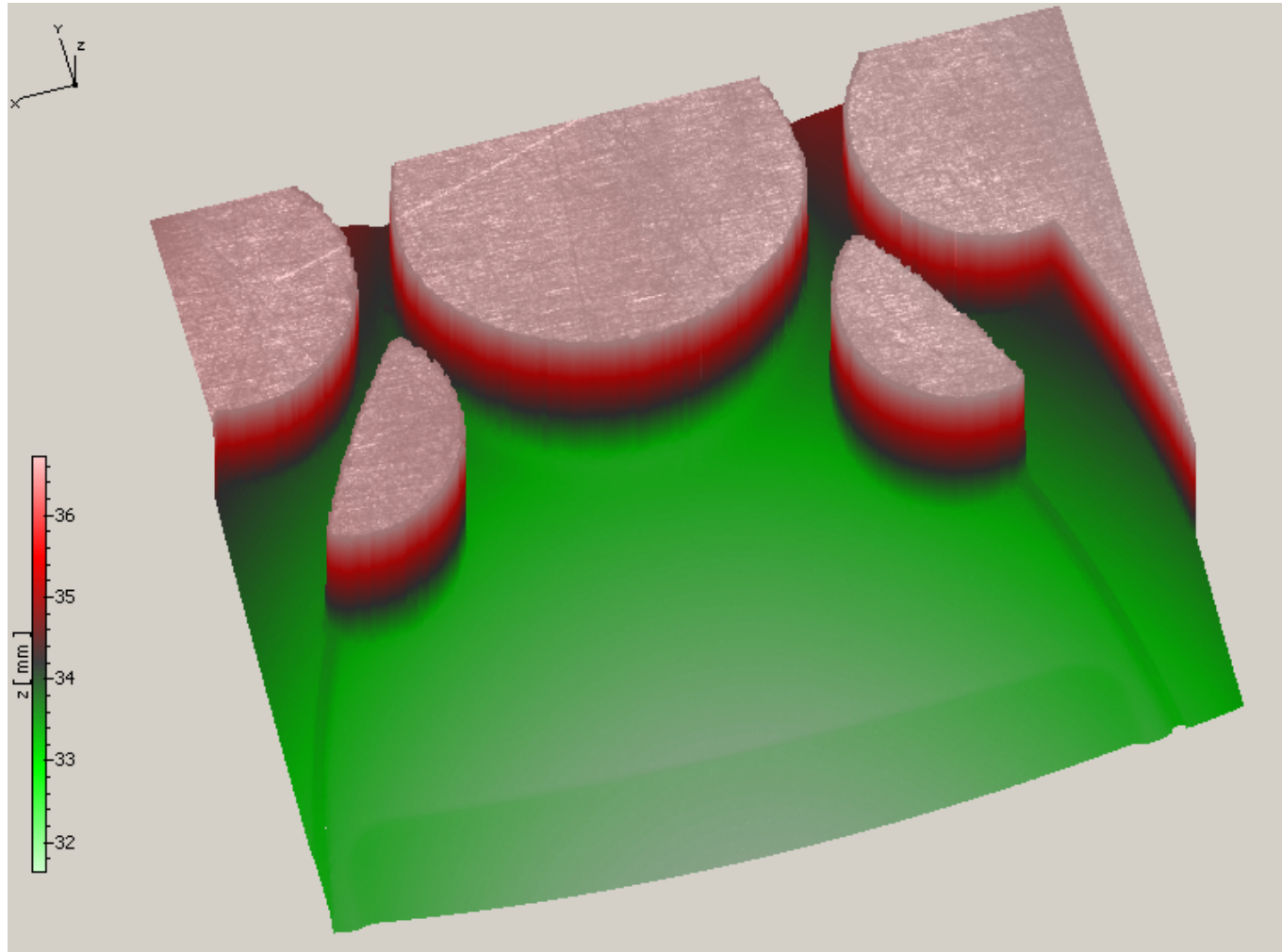
From deviations on the
Scale of Nanometers



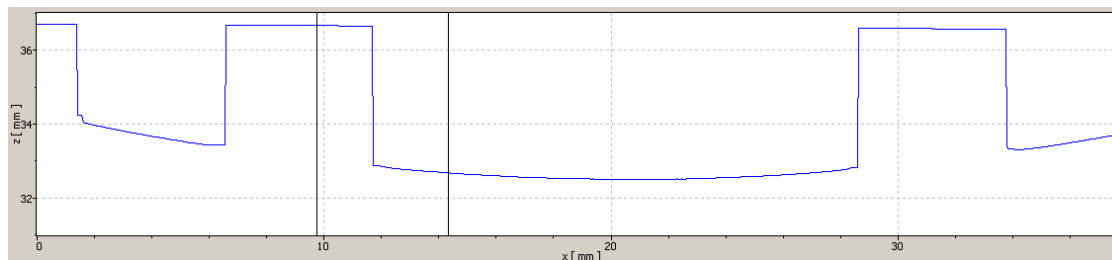
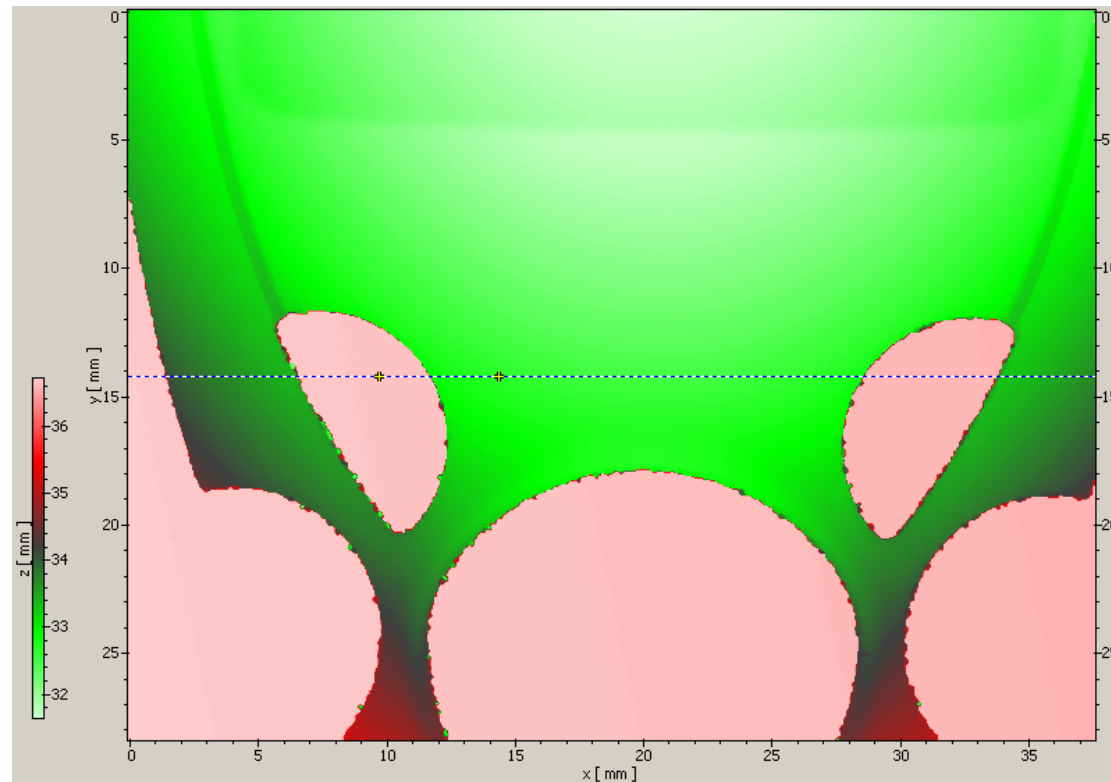
Plastic Injection Mould, Task

Object	
Goal	<p>A three dimensional item should be measured. Step heights, lateral dimensions, and surface quality need to be checked</p>
Benefit	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Both mould and finished part can be measured • No physical cross section is needed • Save time and money because an area can be measured in stead of a single profile. • Use the mould as long as possible before it wears • Use the same set of data for multiple analyses like roughness and contours

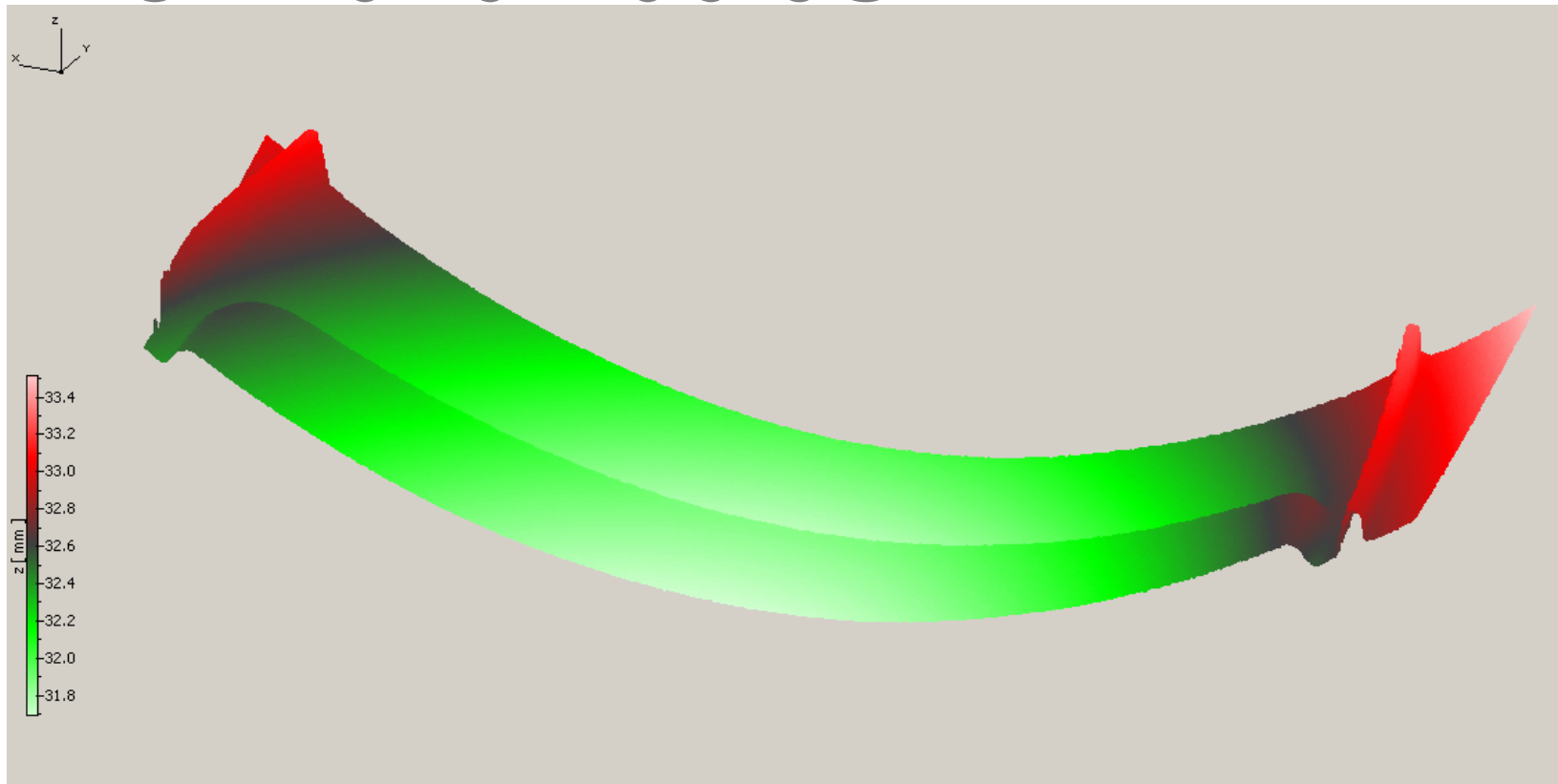
Plastic Injection Mould: Topography Measurement



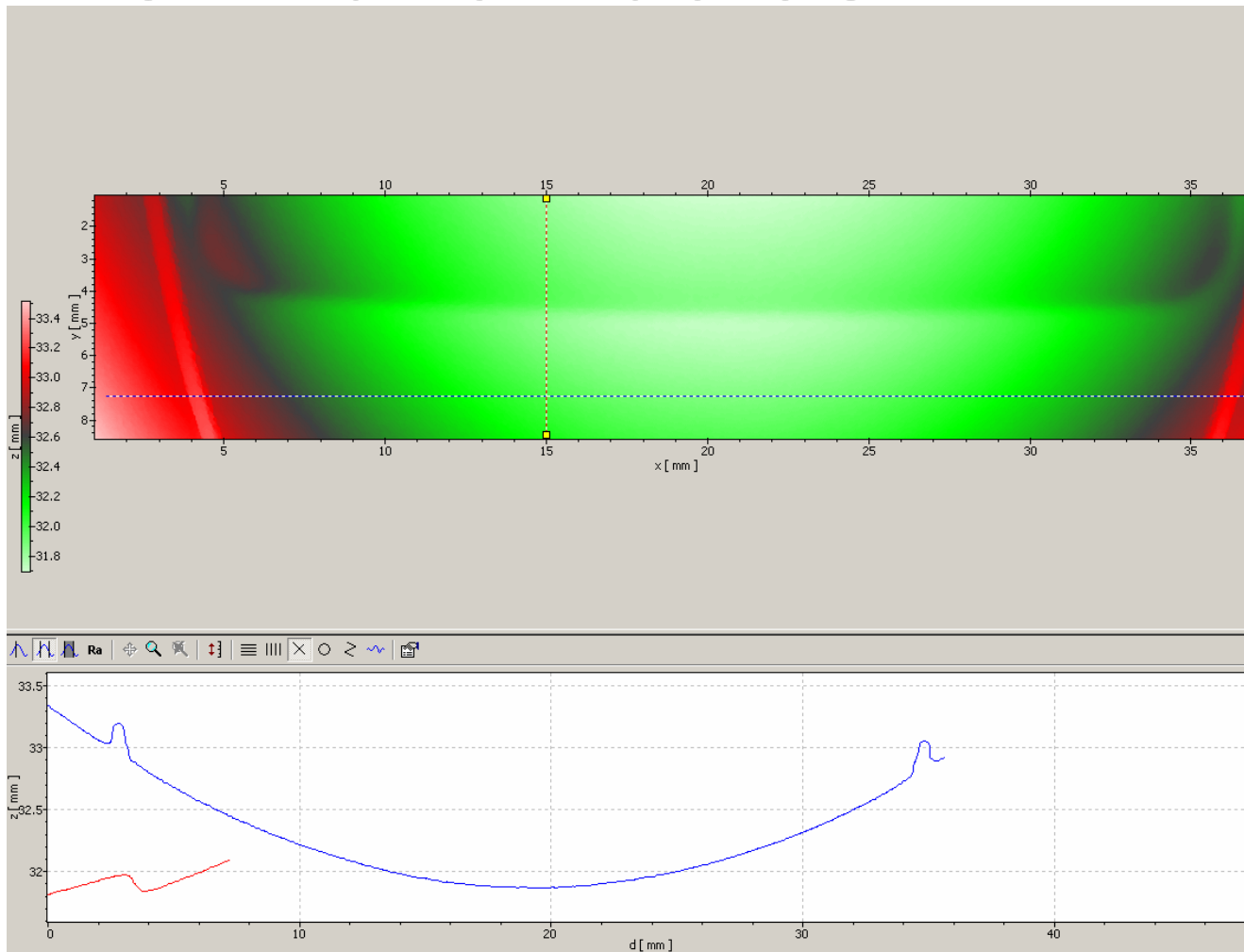
Step heights and lateral dimensions



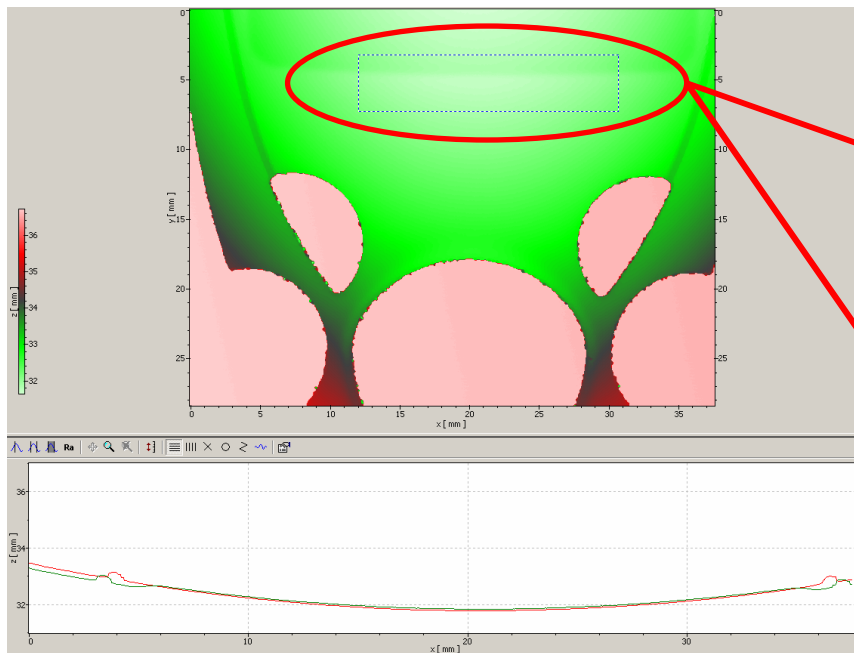
Form and Radius



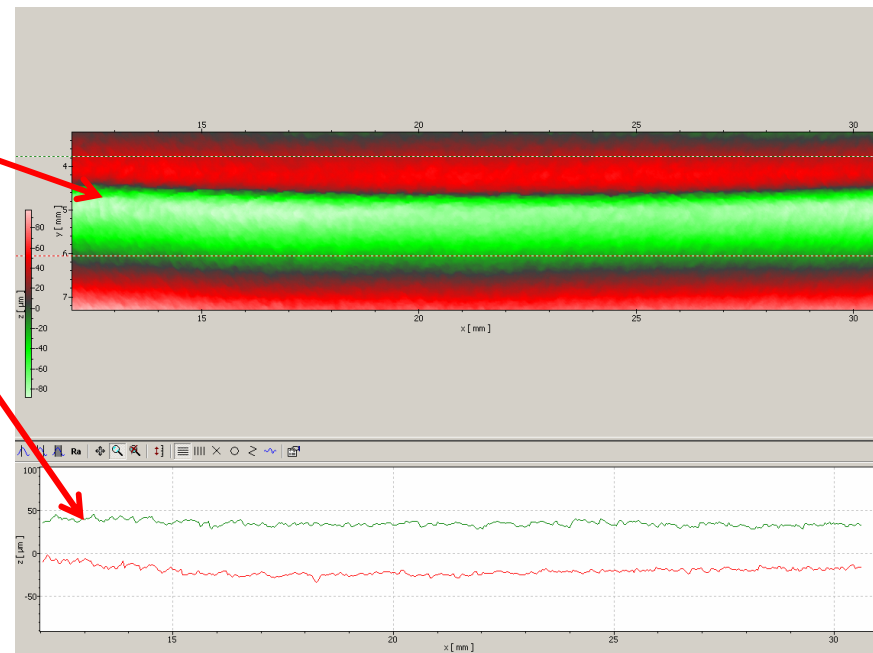
Form and Radius



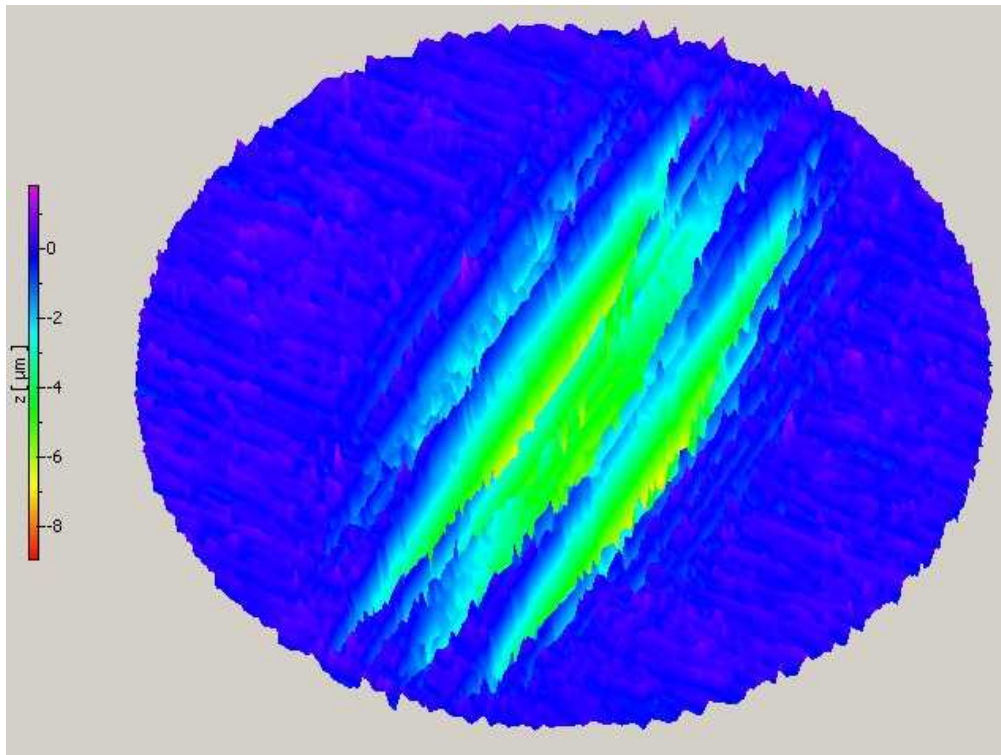
Shape



Micro-Structure

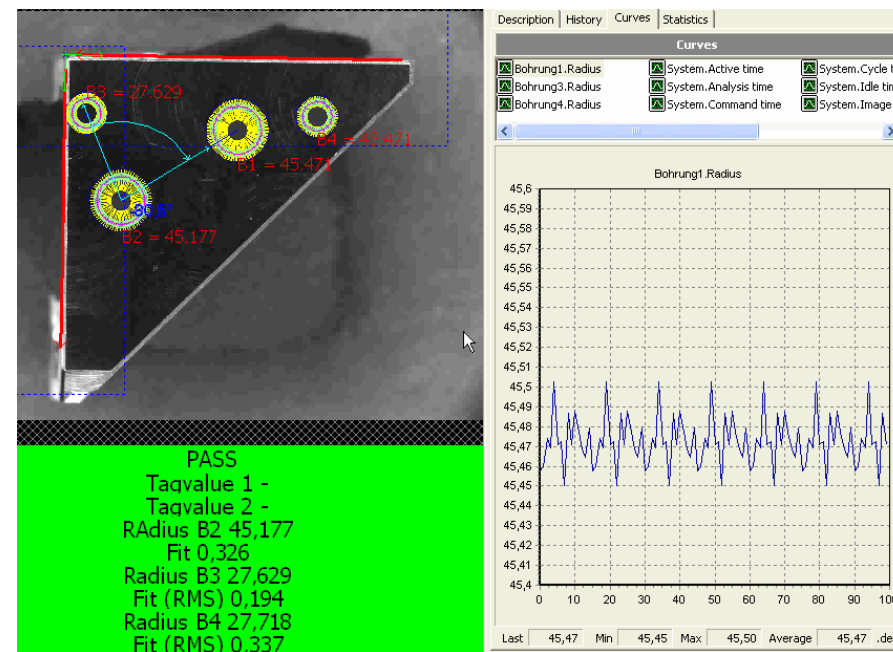
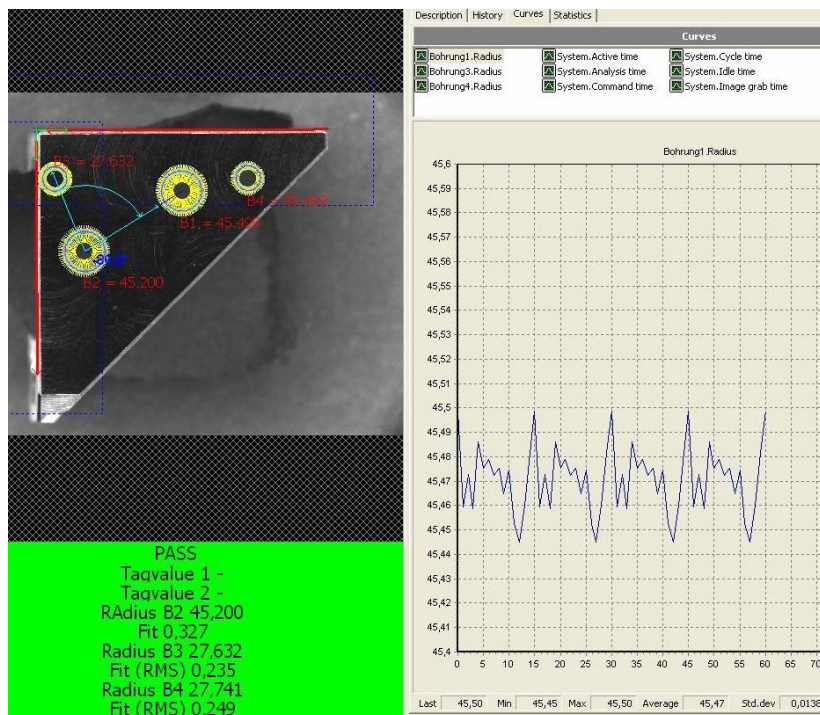


Optimization of lubricants in Tribology: Determination of wear volumes



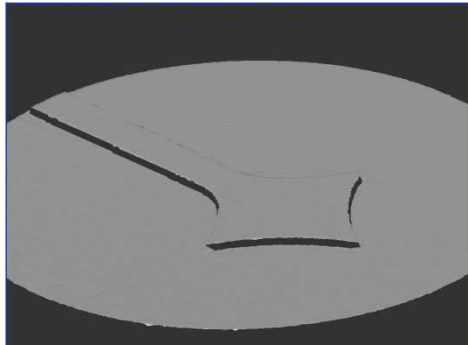
Messung	Volumen x 10³ mm³
1	3,014
2	2,934
3	2,958
4	3,034
5	2,935
6	2,952
Mittelwert	
	2,971
Standardabweichung	
	0,042

Distances, Diameters, Edge-Positions: High lateral Resolution by Digital Image Processing

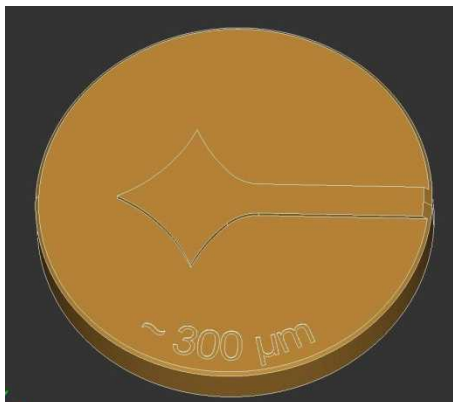


Lateral resolution in the micron range
 Very short measurement time

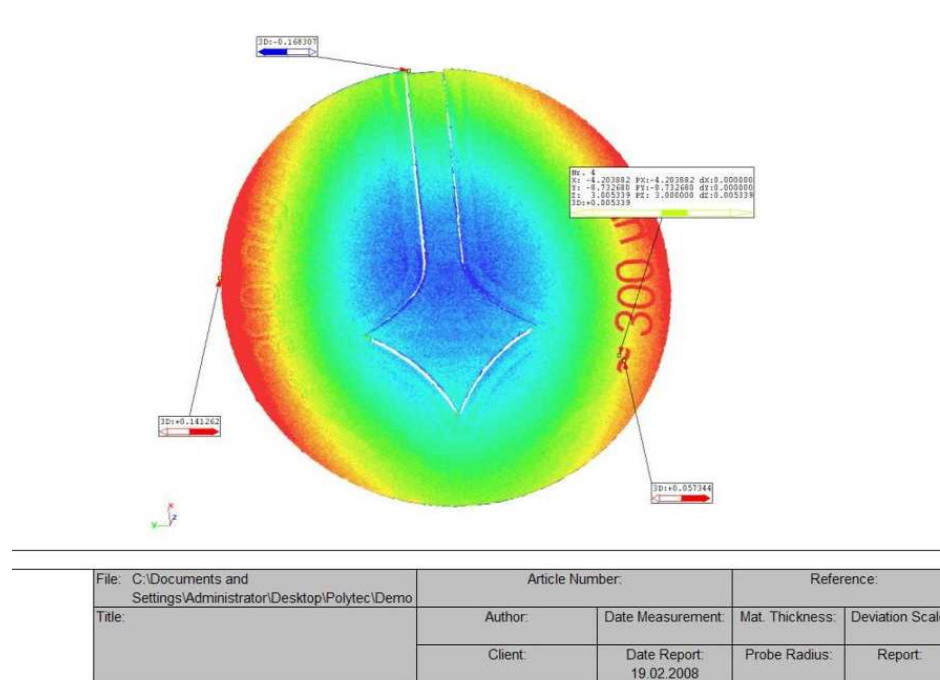
Reverse Engineering: Comparison between CAD-data and measured geometry



Measurement

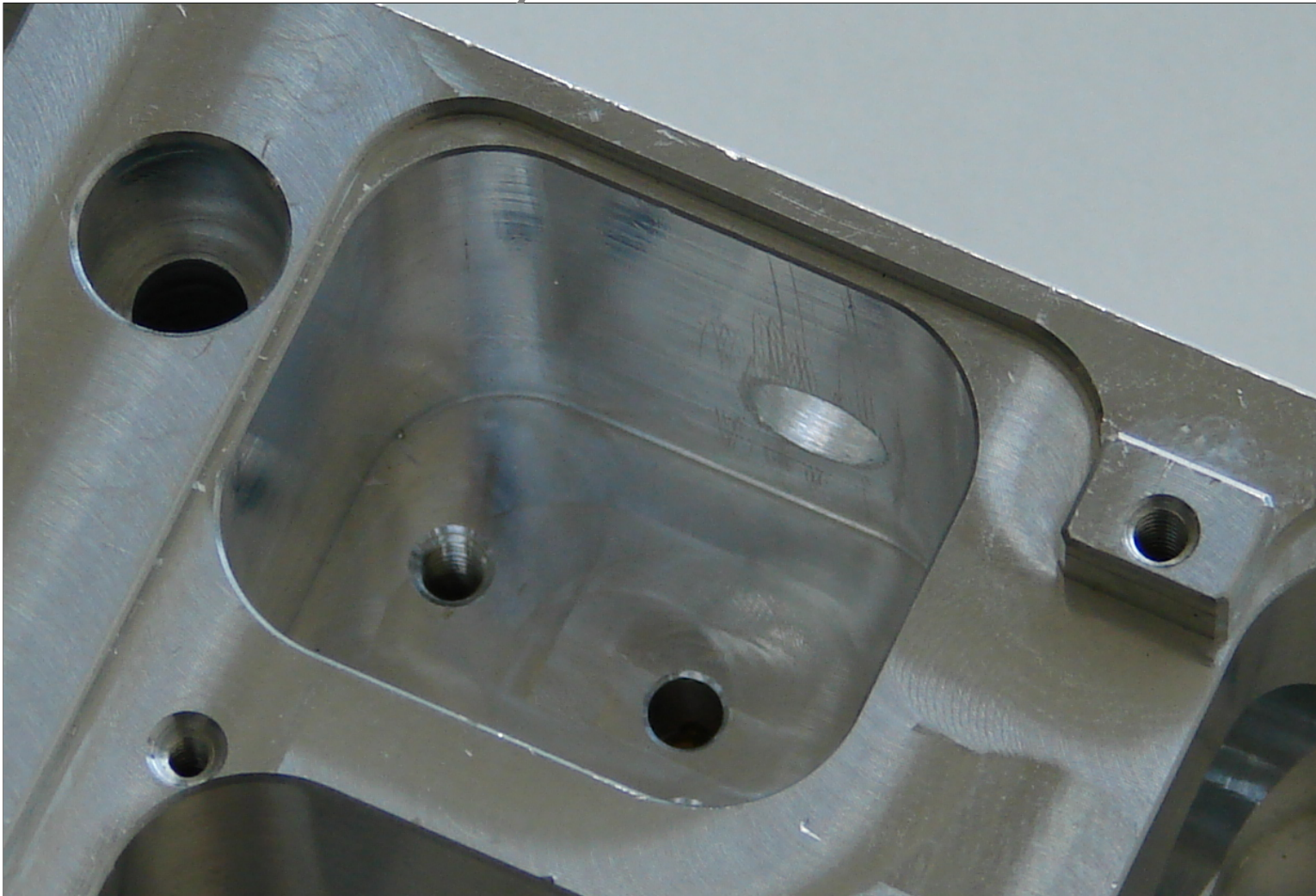


CAD-data

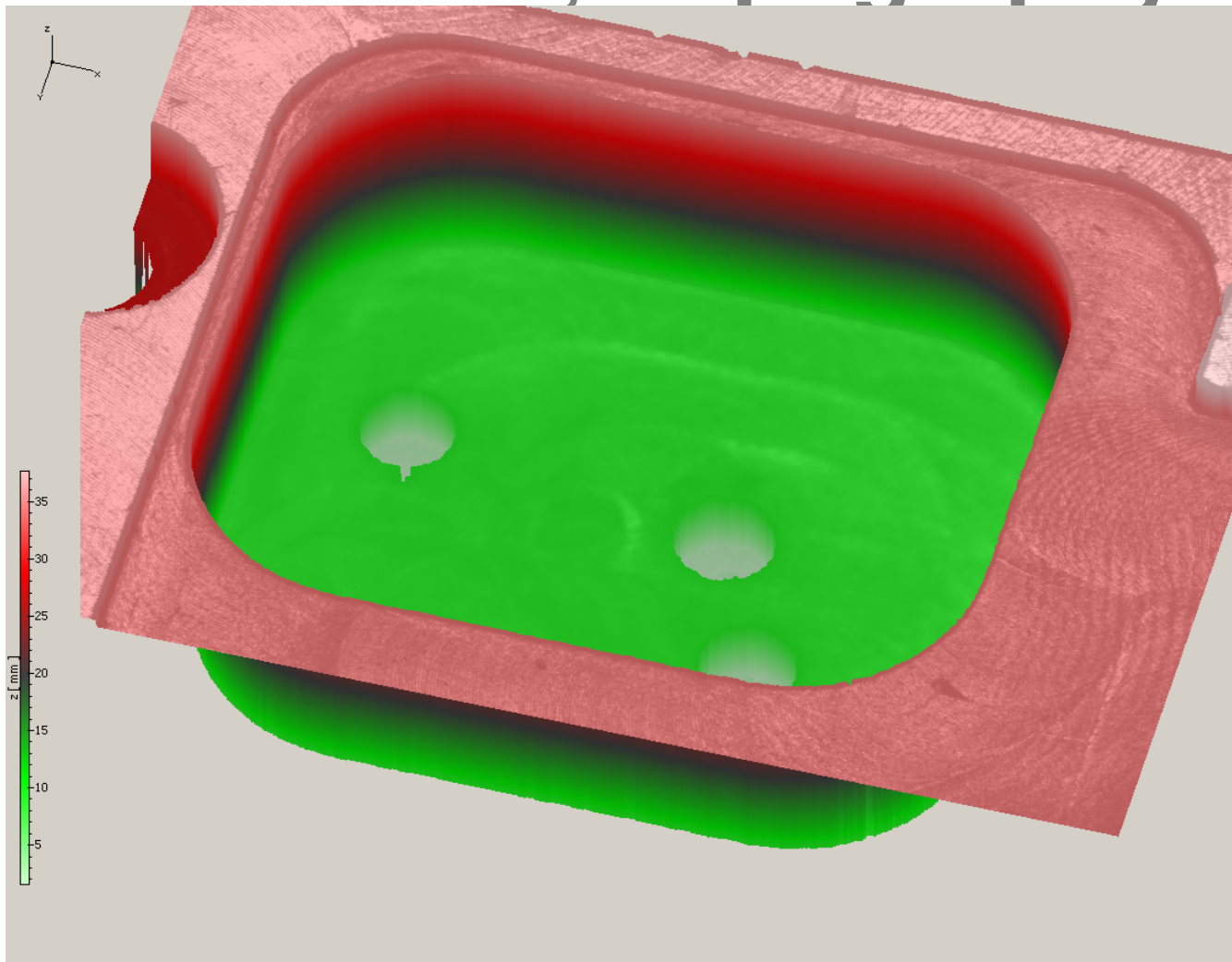


Deviation

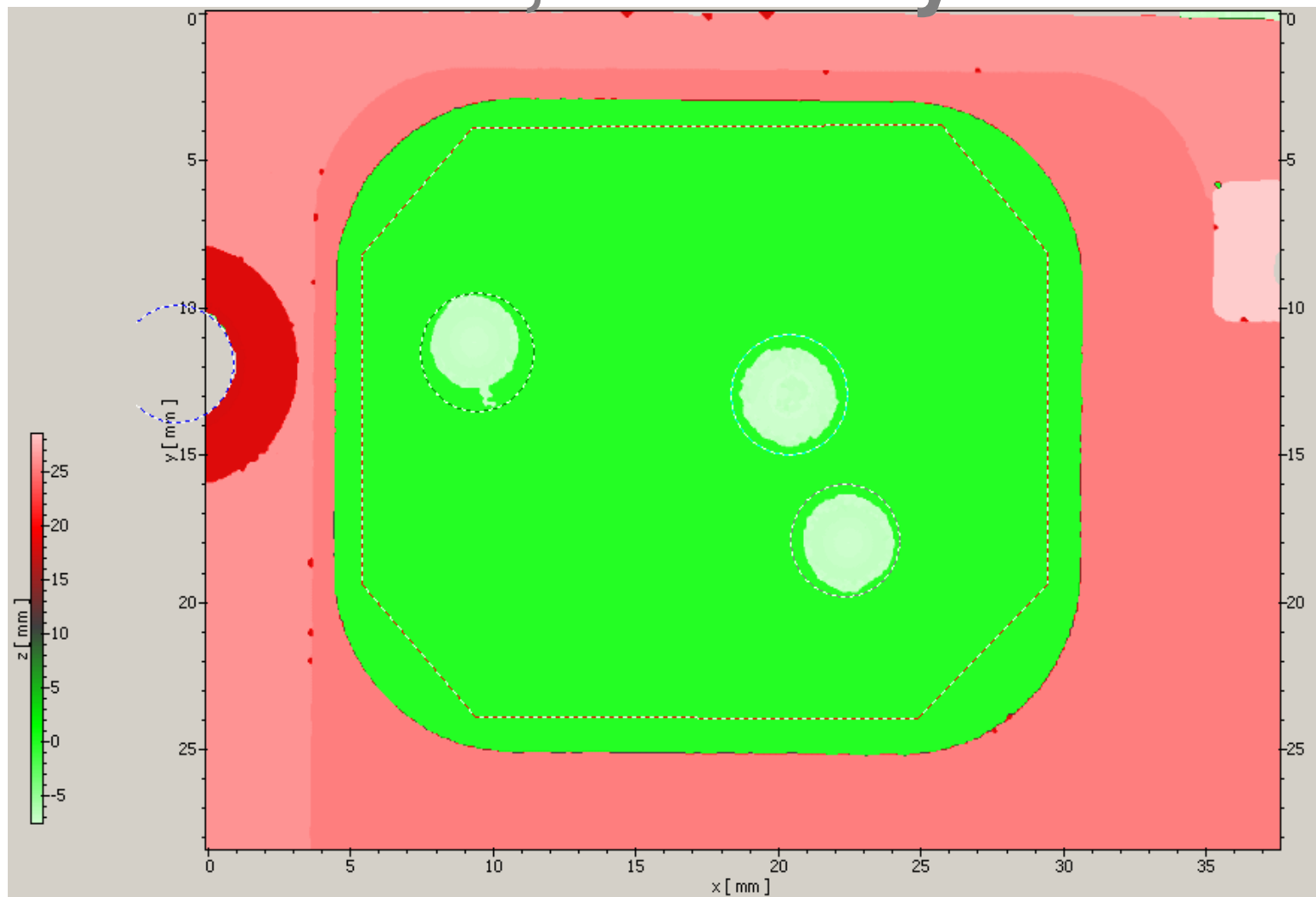
Milled Part, Photo



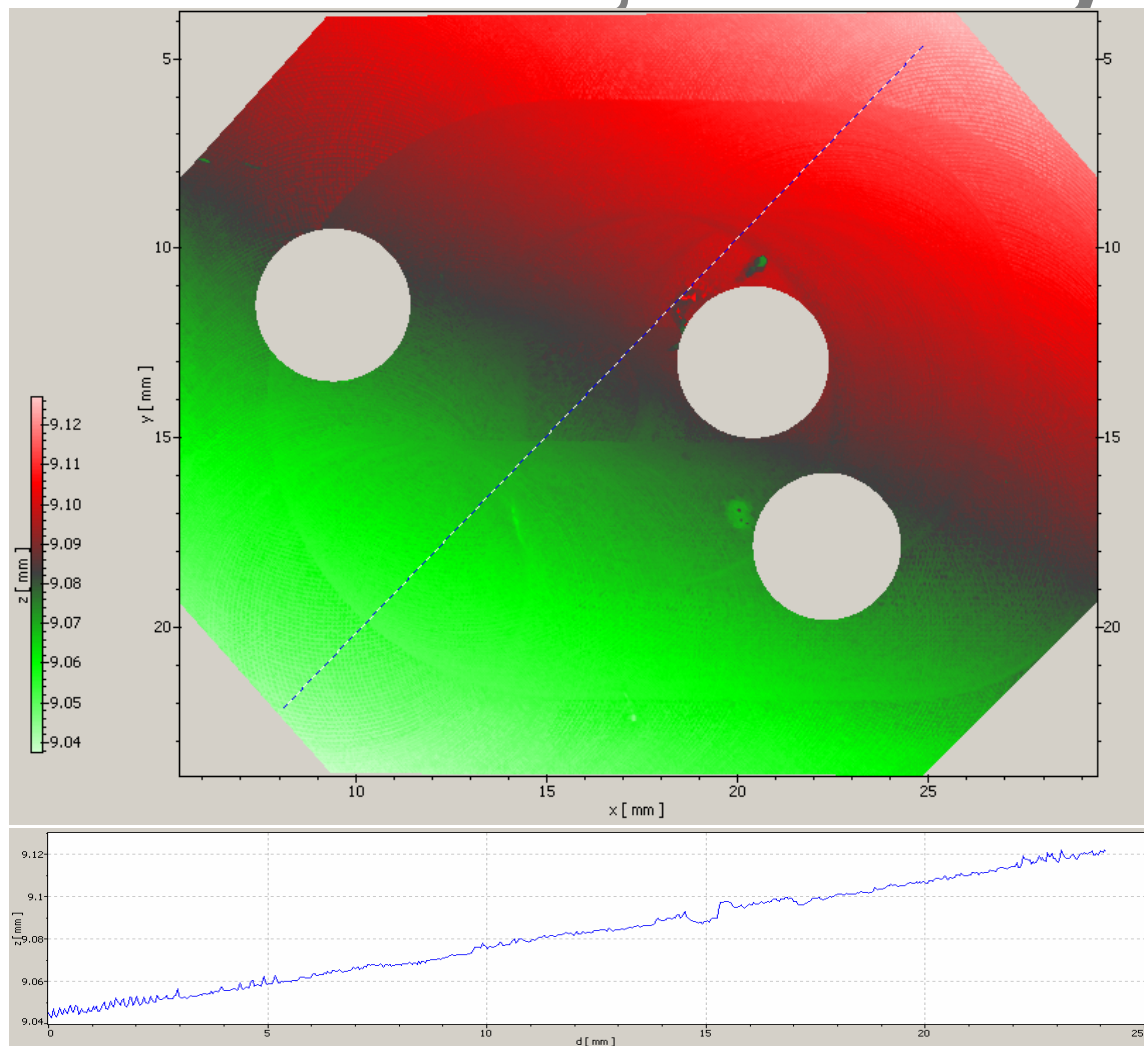
Milled item, Topography



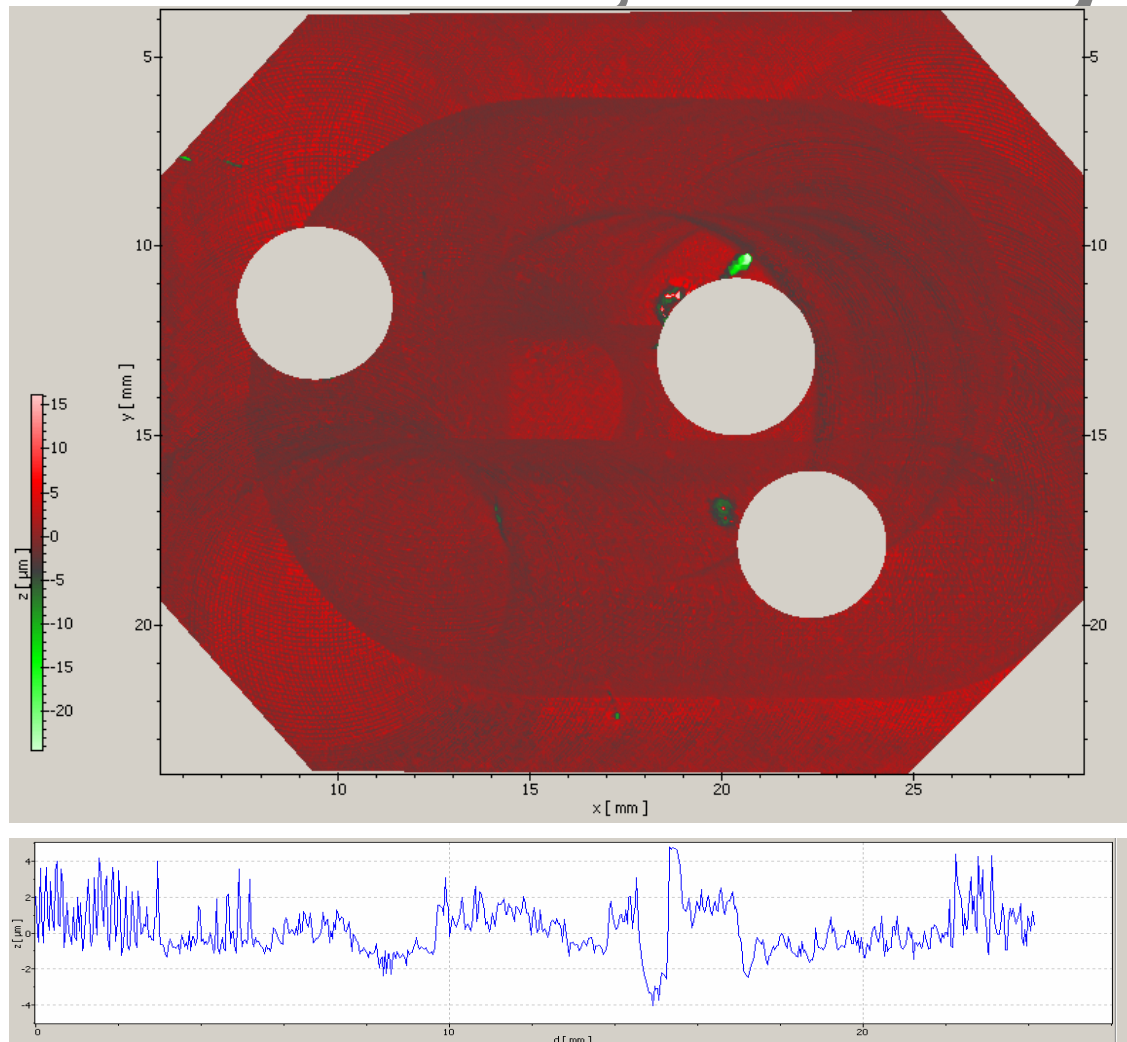
Milled Item, Planarity



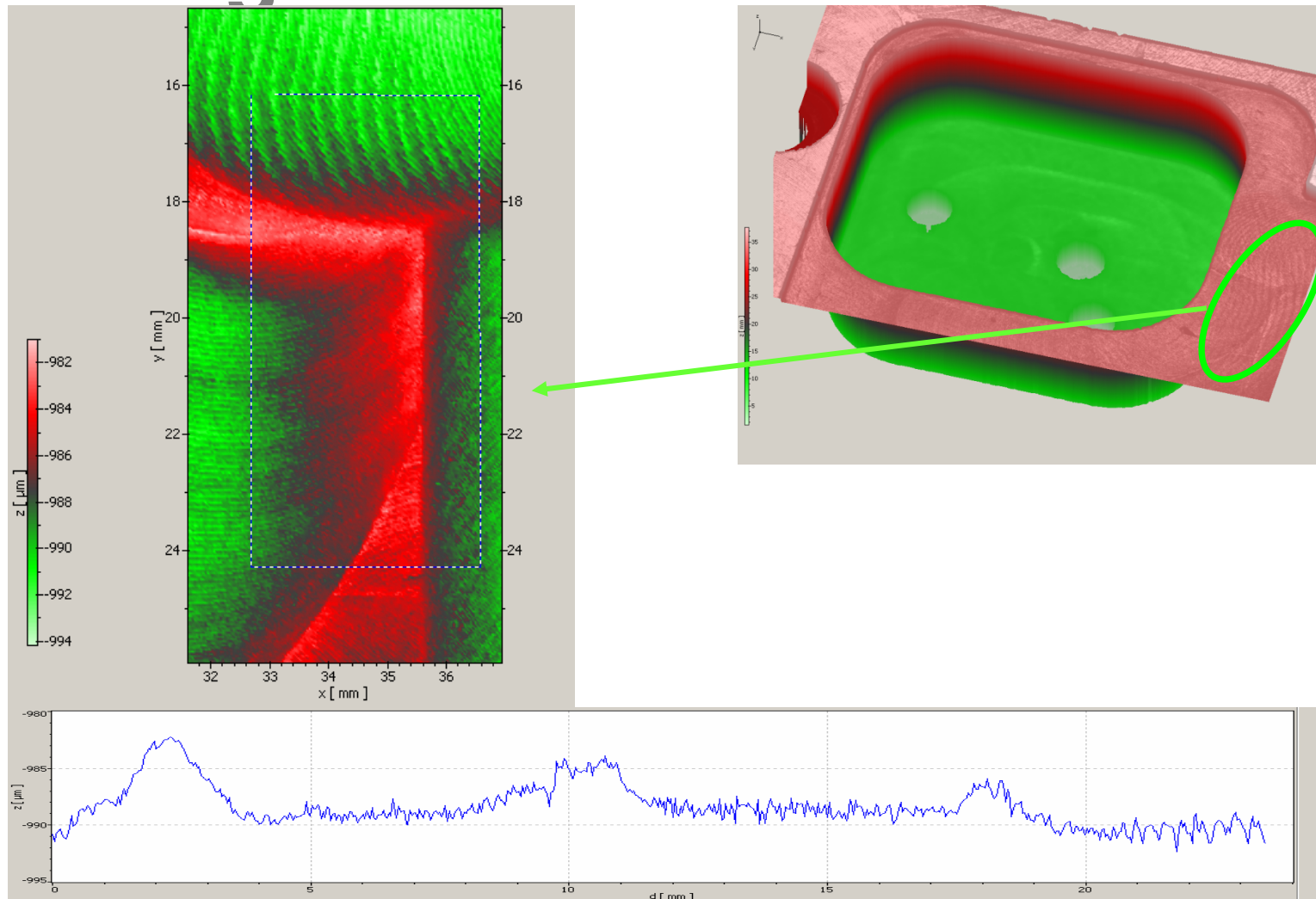
Milled Item, Planarity



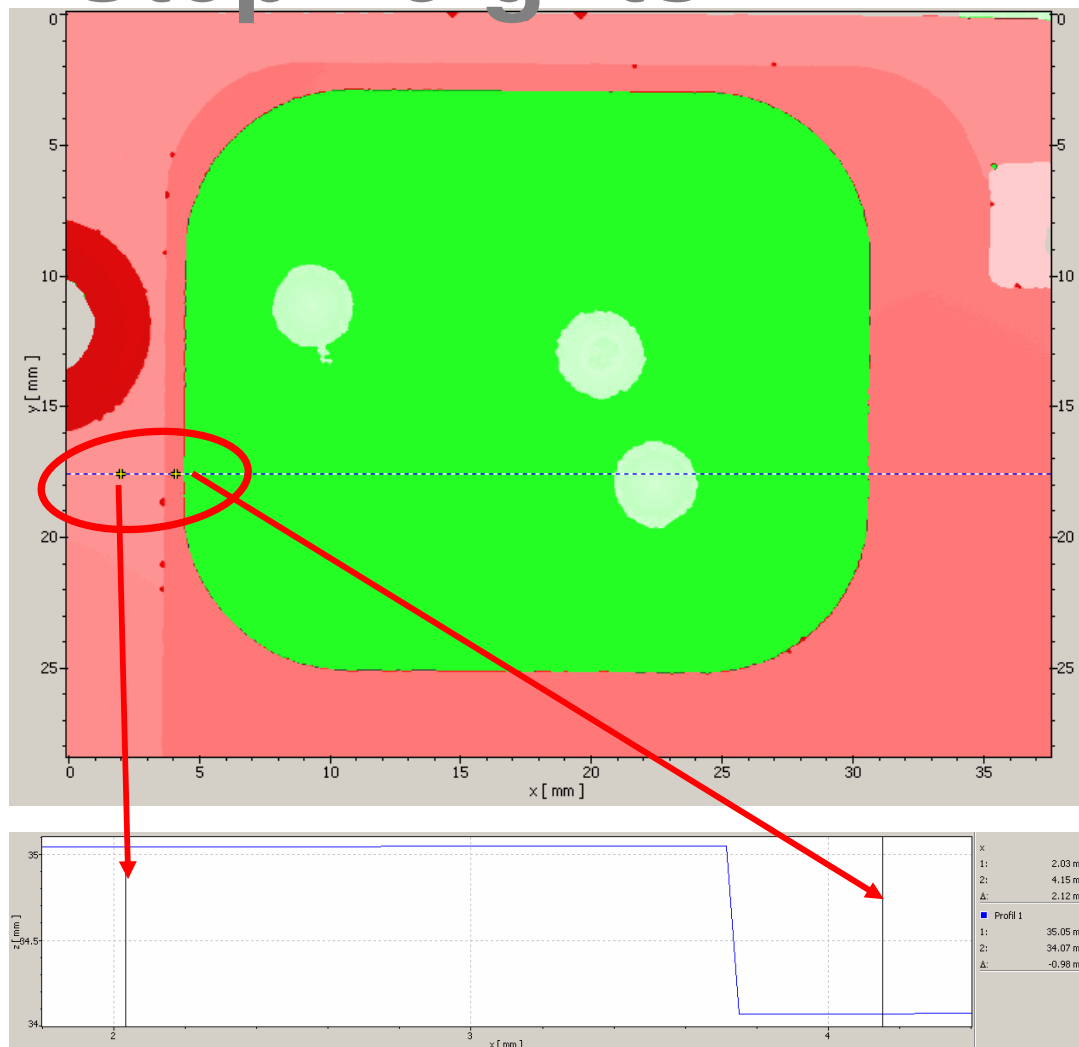
Milled Item, Planarity



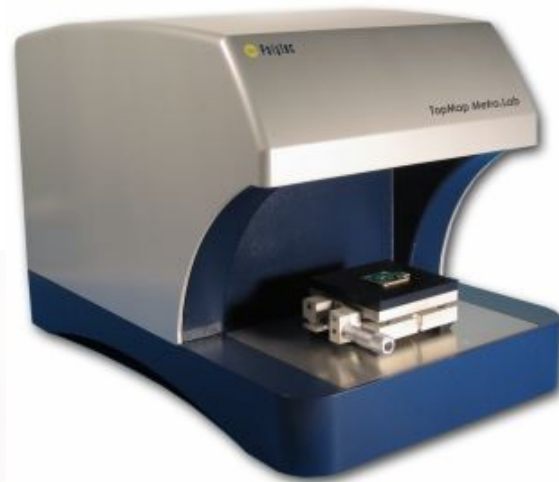
Roughness and Microstructure



Step heights



The Systems

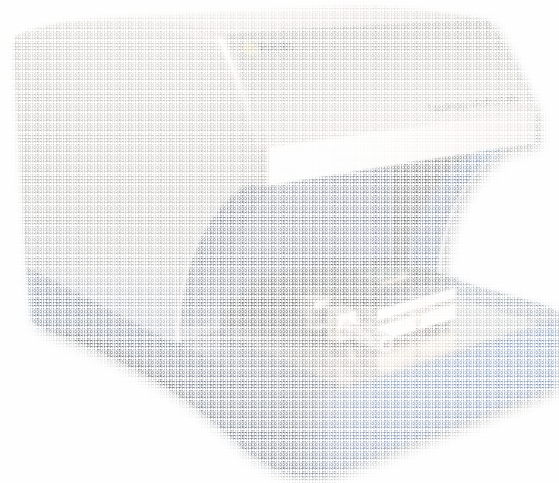


TMS 100:

Desktop Unit with the highest measuring
volume: 30x40x70 mm

Axial Resolution: 20 nm

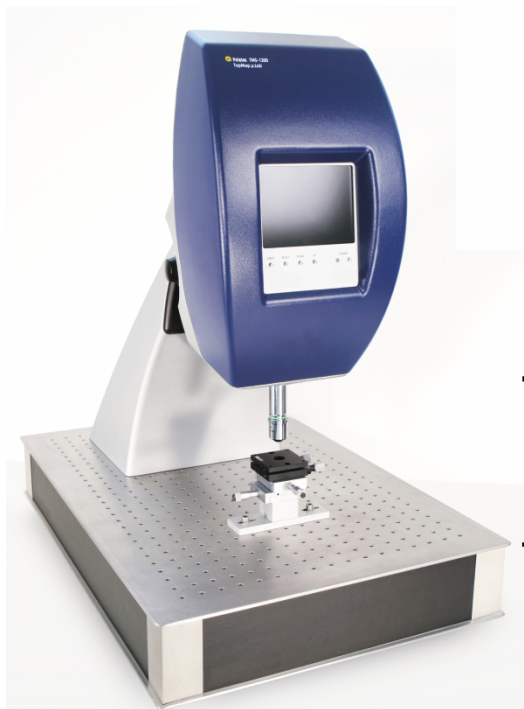
The Systems



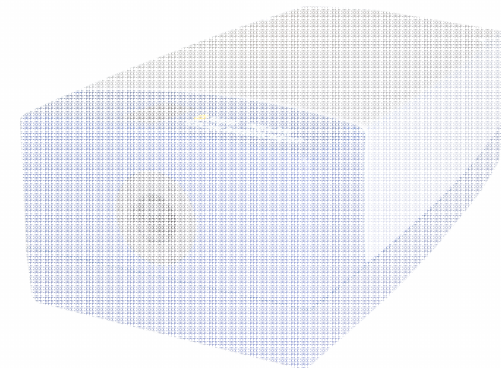
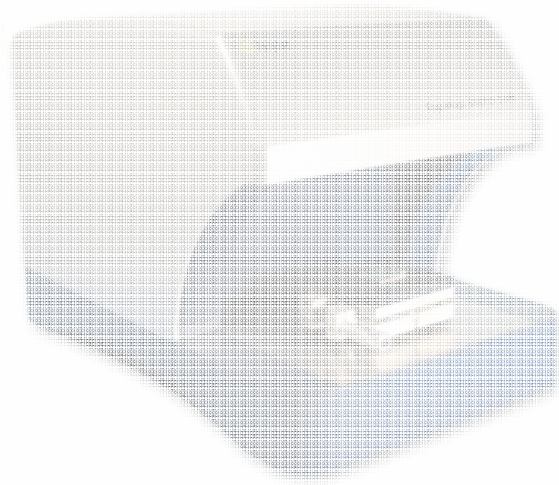
TMS 300:
Inline Unit for easy integration into test machines. Meas. Time: A few seconds
Field: 19 mm
Resolution < 40 nm



The Systems

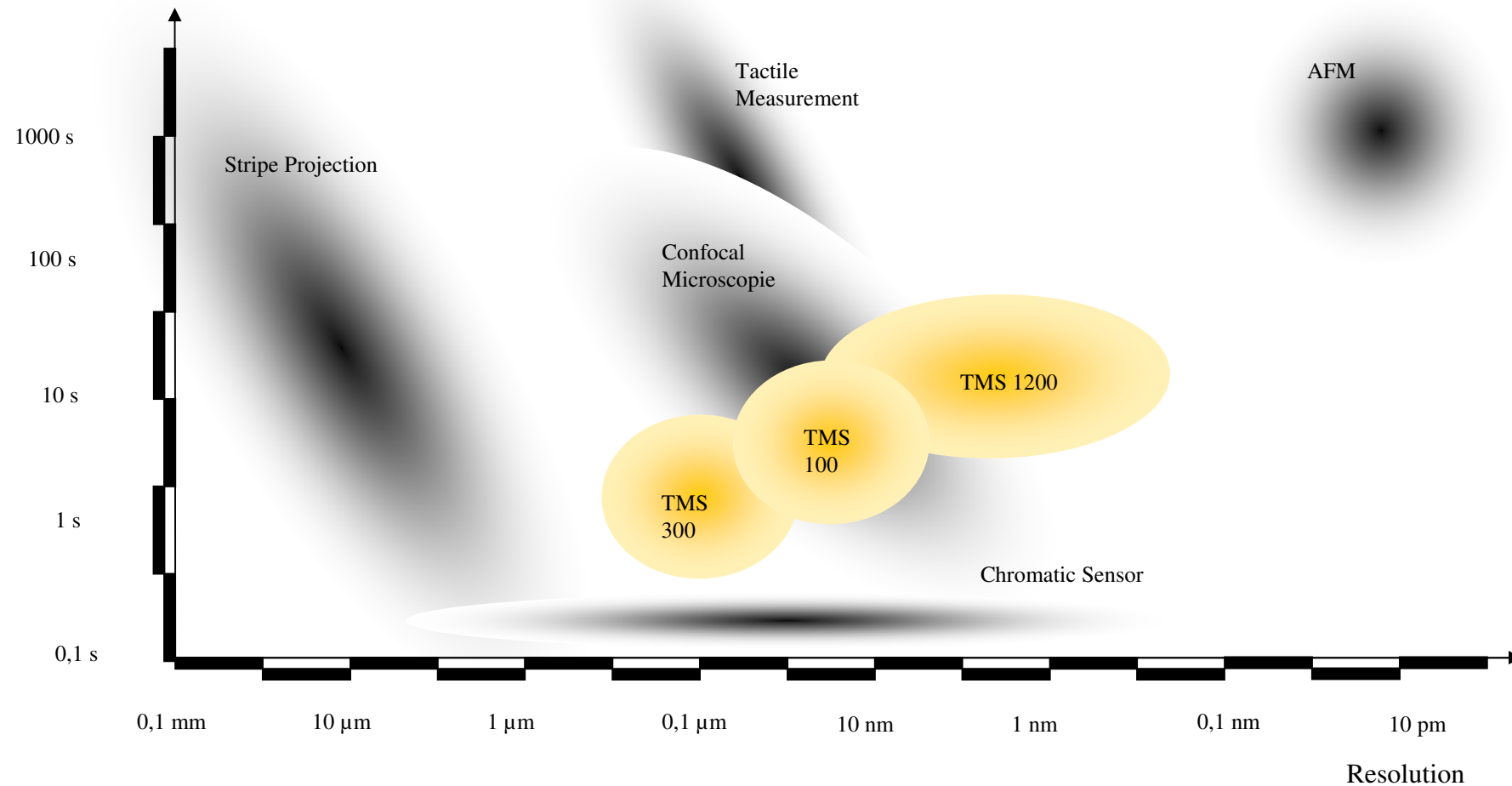


TMS 1200:
Microscopic Setup
for highest resolution



Competing Technologies

Duration of 1
Measurement



**Now is the time to ask
questions!**